

Observations on the performance and control of 2008 Dodge Diesel Ram emissions system over 30,000 miles

Ken Price

Umicore Autocat USA

2008 Cummins - Dodge Ram2500HD Exhaust System and Certification

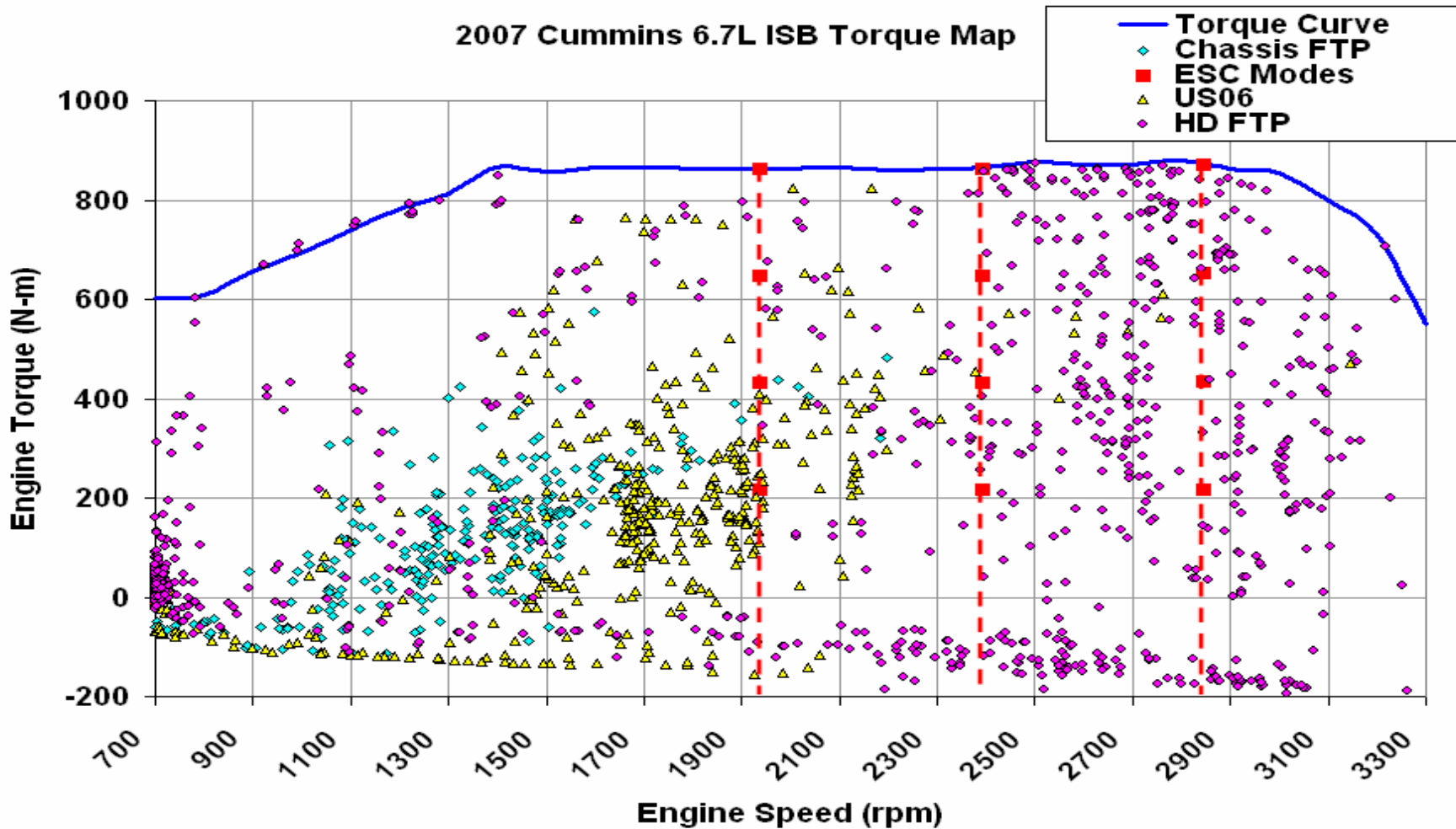


EPA Certified to optional HD Chassis Cert for 8500-10,000 lb complete vehicles
(CARB MDV 8501-10,000 GVW similar except HCHO 1.0 vs STD 16 mg/mi)

Mfr Name	Division	Carline	Displ	ETW	Ax Ratio	U Life	Emission	Cert Level	Standard	Tier
CUMMINS	Dodge	RAM 2500 PICKUP 4WD	6.7	8500	3.73	120	CO	0.7	7.3	HDV
CUMMINS	Dodge	RAM 2500 PICKUP 4WD	6.7	8500	3.73	120	HC-NM	0.058	0.195	HDV
CUMMINS	Dodge	RAM 2500 PICKUP 4WD	6.7	8500	3.73	120	NOX	0.2	0.2	HDV
CUMMINS	Dodge	RAM 2500 PICKUP 4WD	6.7	8500	3.73	120	PM	0	0.02	HDV

2 Table Excerpt from www.epa.gov/otag/crttst.htm

HD FTP & SET vs FTP75 & US06 for Dodge 2008 ISB HD Chassis Cert <10,000 GVW



2008 Cummins ISB - Dodge Ram 2500HD Exhaust System Instrumentation Added

Temperatures (Thermocouples)

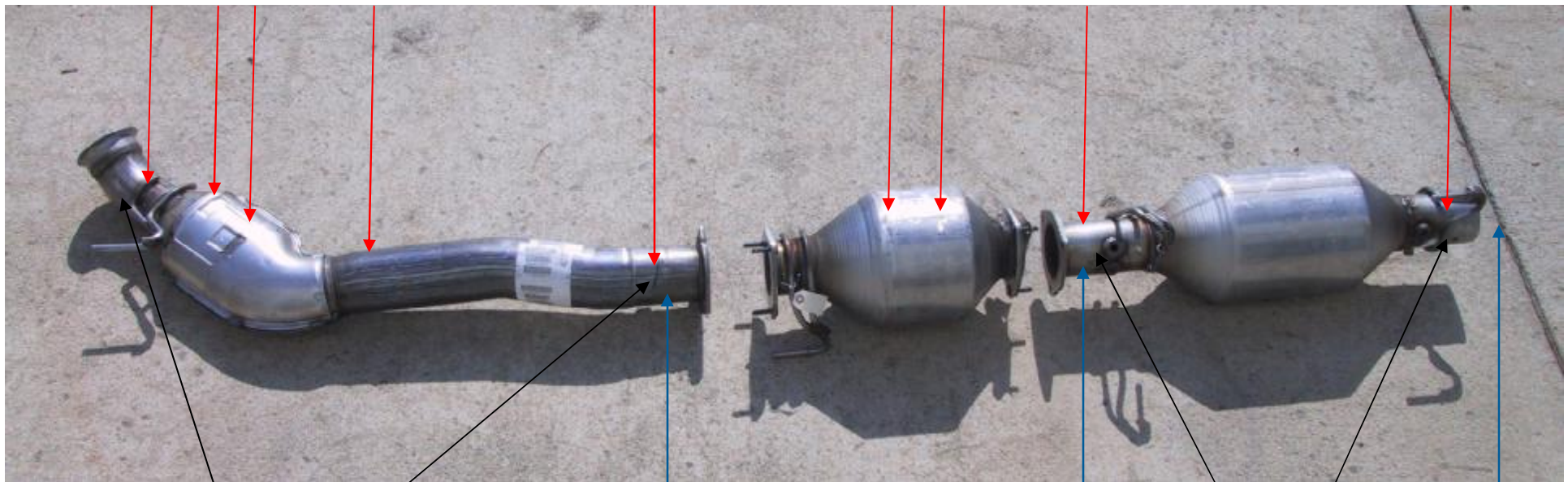
DOC In
DOC Beds @ 1" & 3"
DOC Out

LNT In

LNT Beds @ 1" & 4"

DPF In

DPF Out



Lambda
LNT In

Lambda
LNT Out

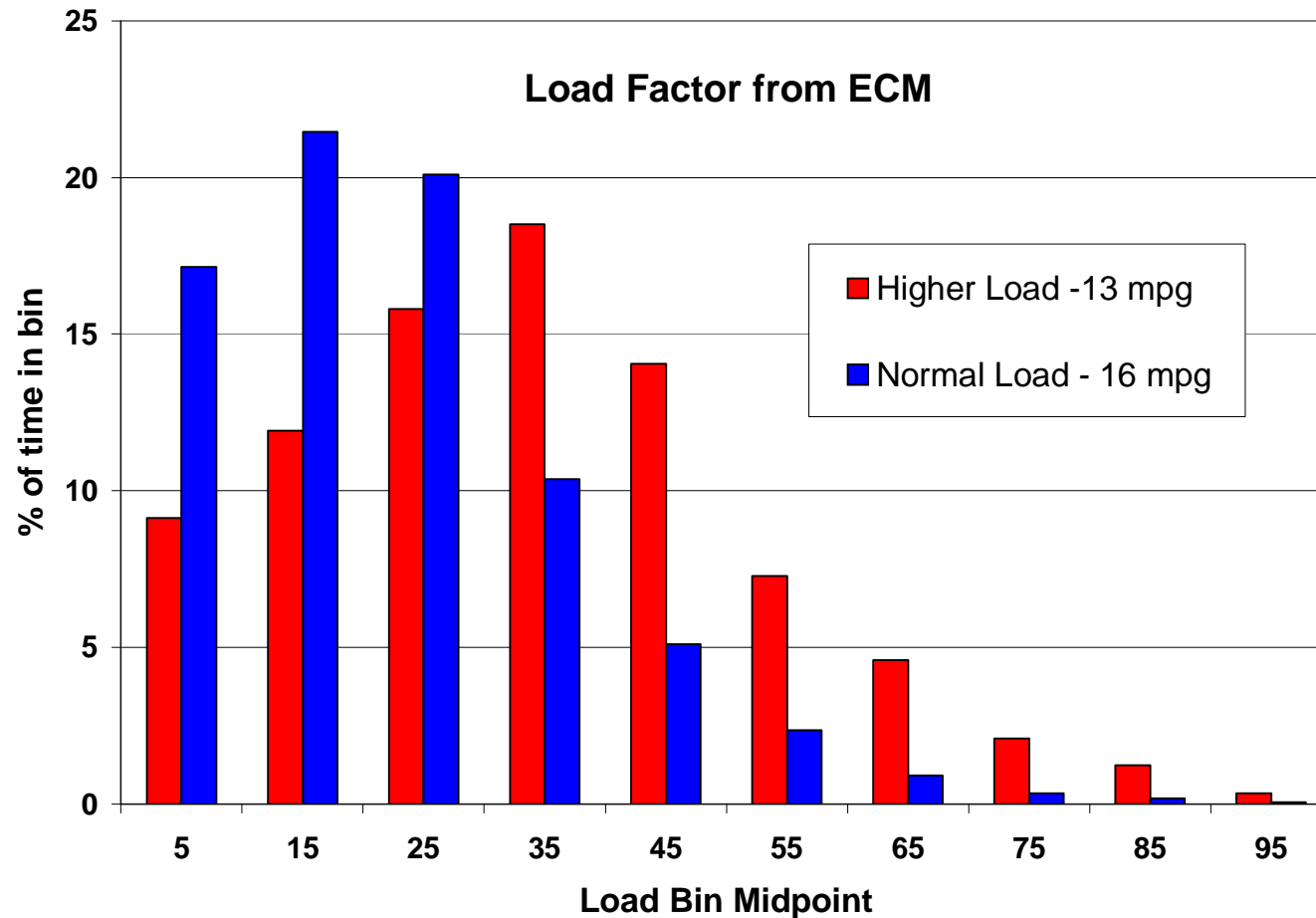
Lambda
DPF Out (Pipe)

Data Logger Pressure +
"Engine Out" Modal
Emissions Sample
Location Options

Additional data was recorded from the ECM
via CAN link, and observations were made
using dealer type scan tool, "StarSCAN"

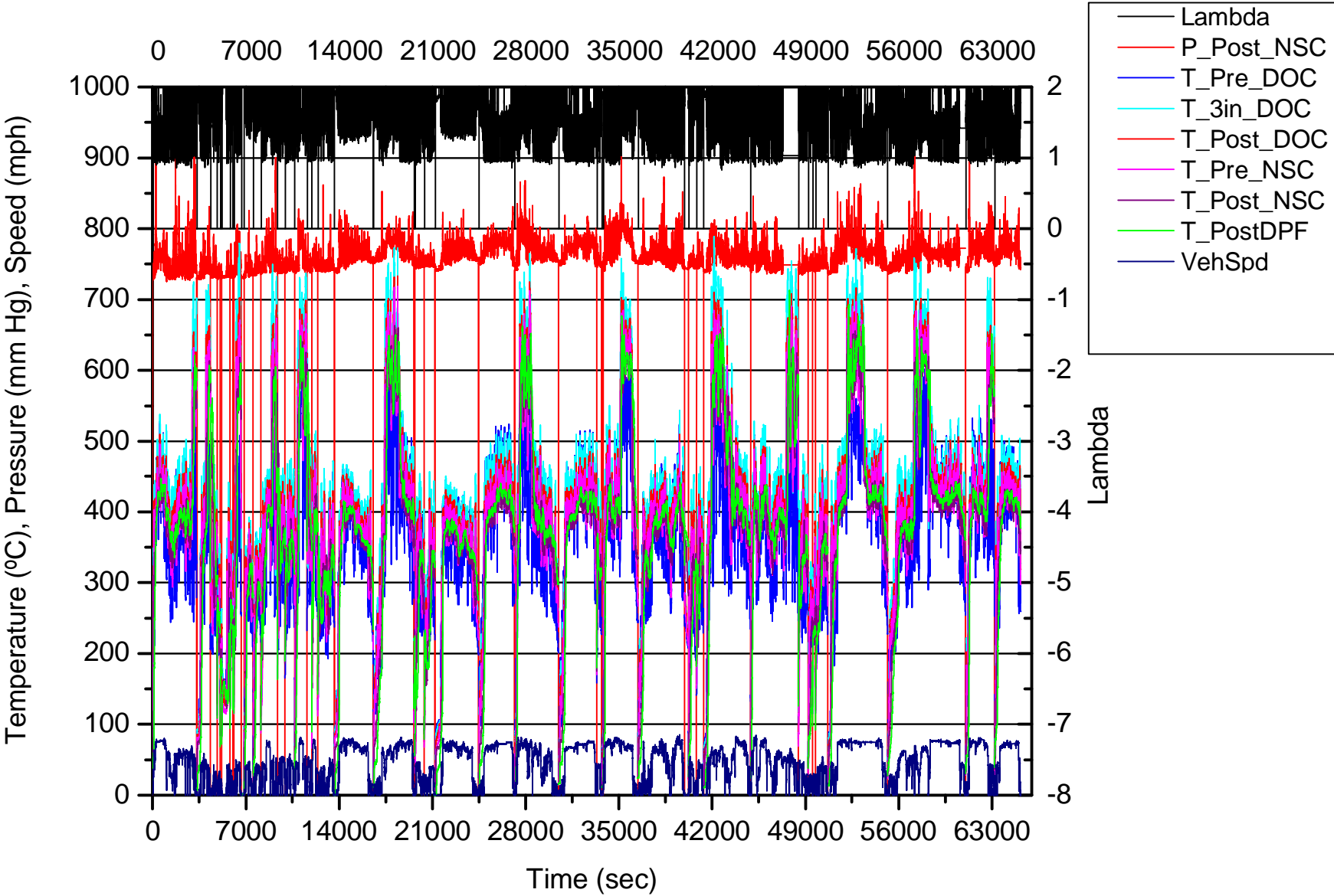
Data Logger Pressure +
"Tailpipe" Modal + Bag
Emissions Sample
Location Options

Load Factor from ECM and Fuel Economy – Normal and High Load (Towing & Grades)

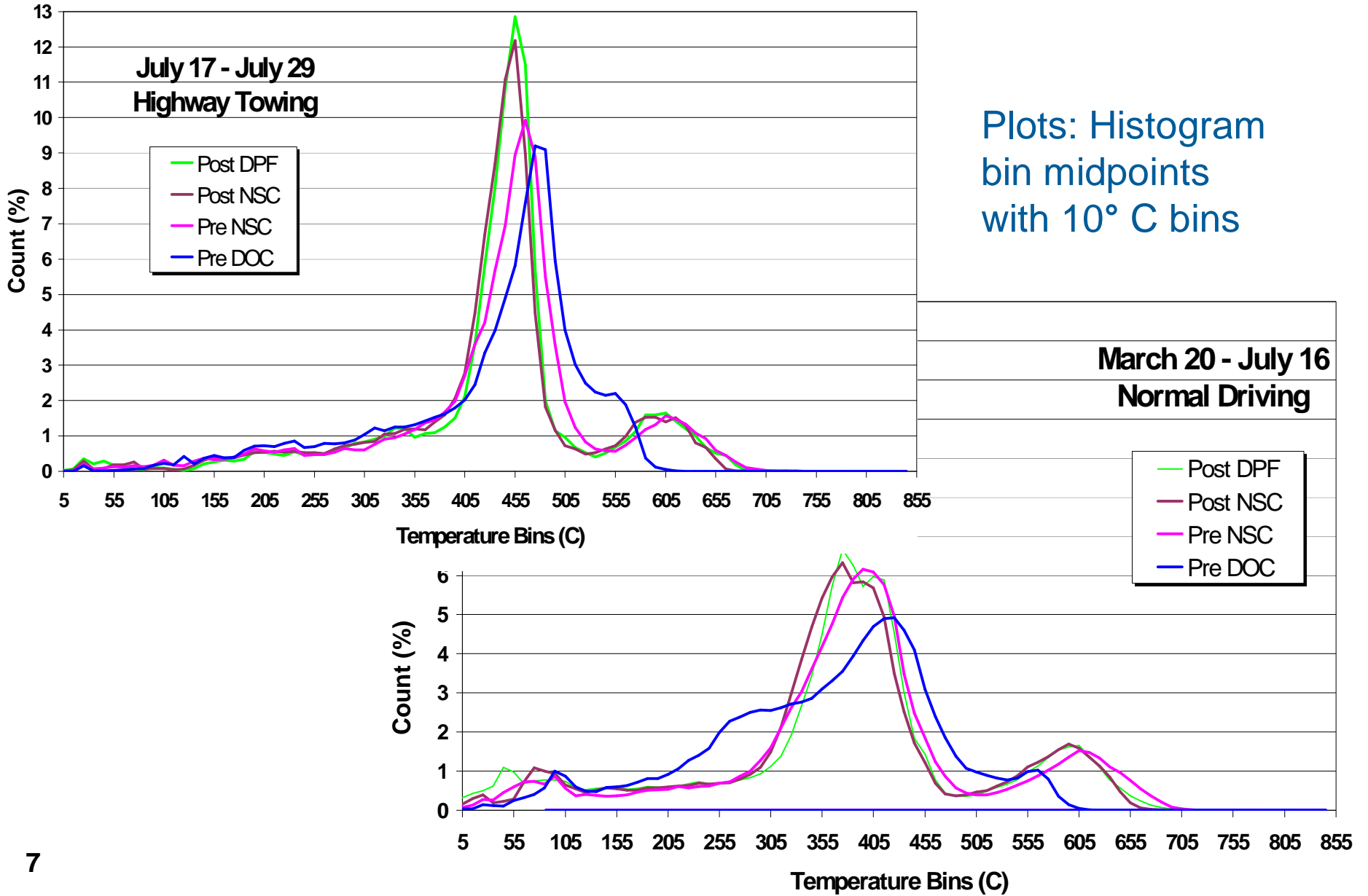


“Normal” driving: First 19,119 miles (Commuting, short trips, light towing)
Higher Load: 3619 mile round trip to Yellowstone with ~5000 lb trailer

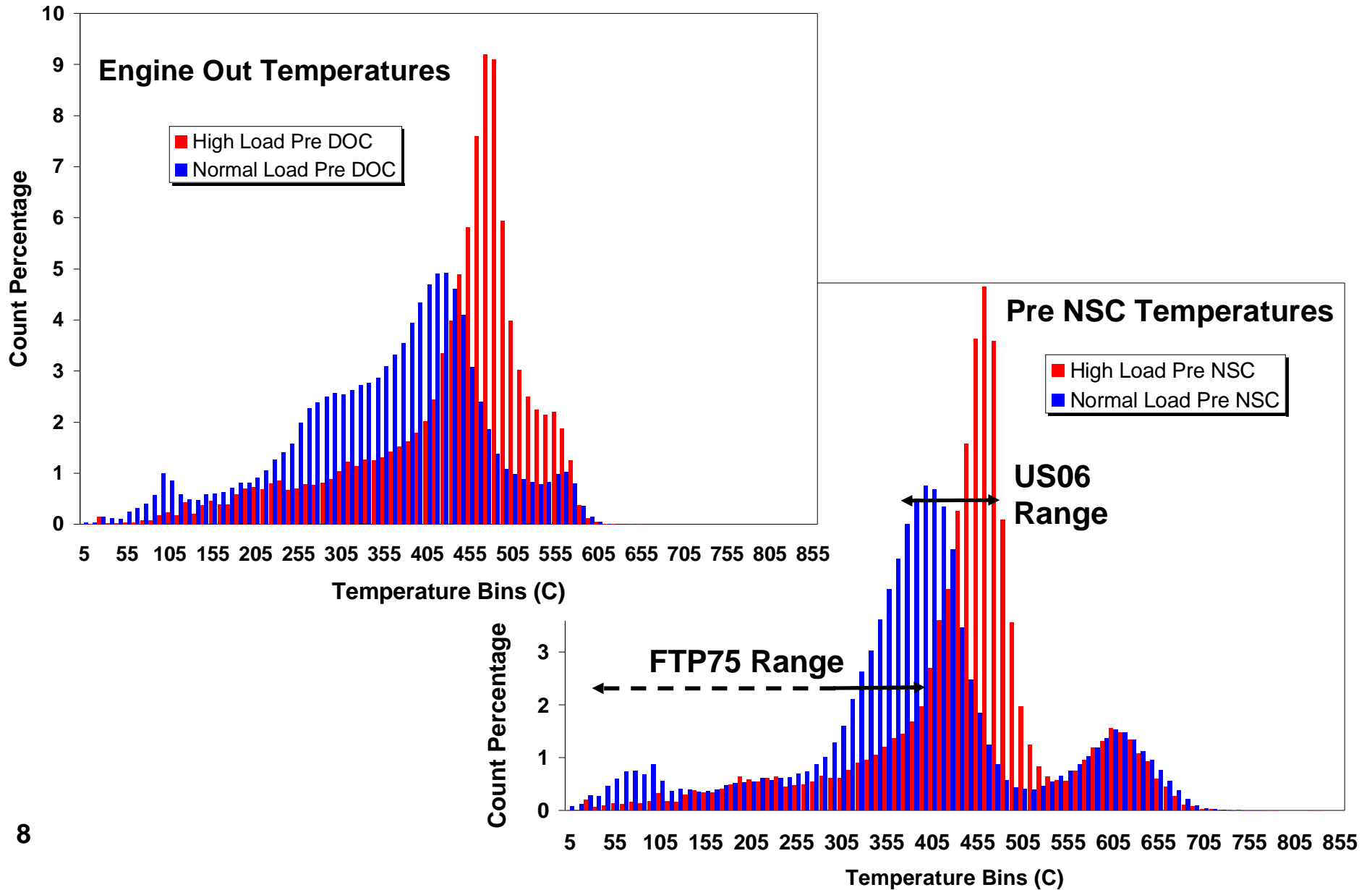
Road Data Example - Basic Operation



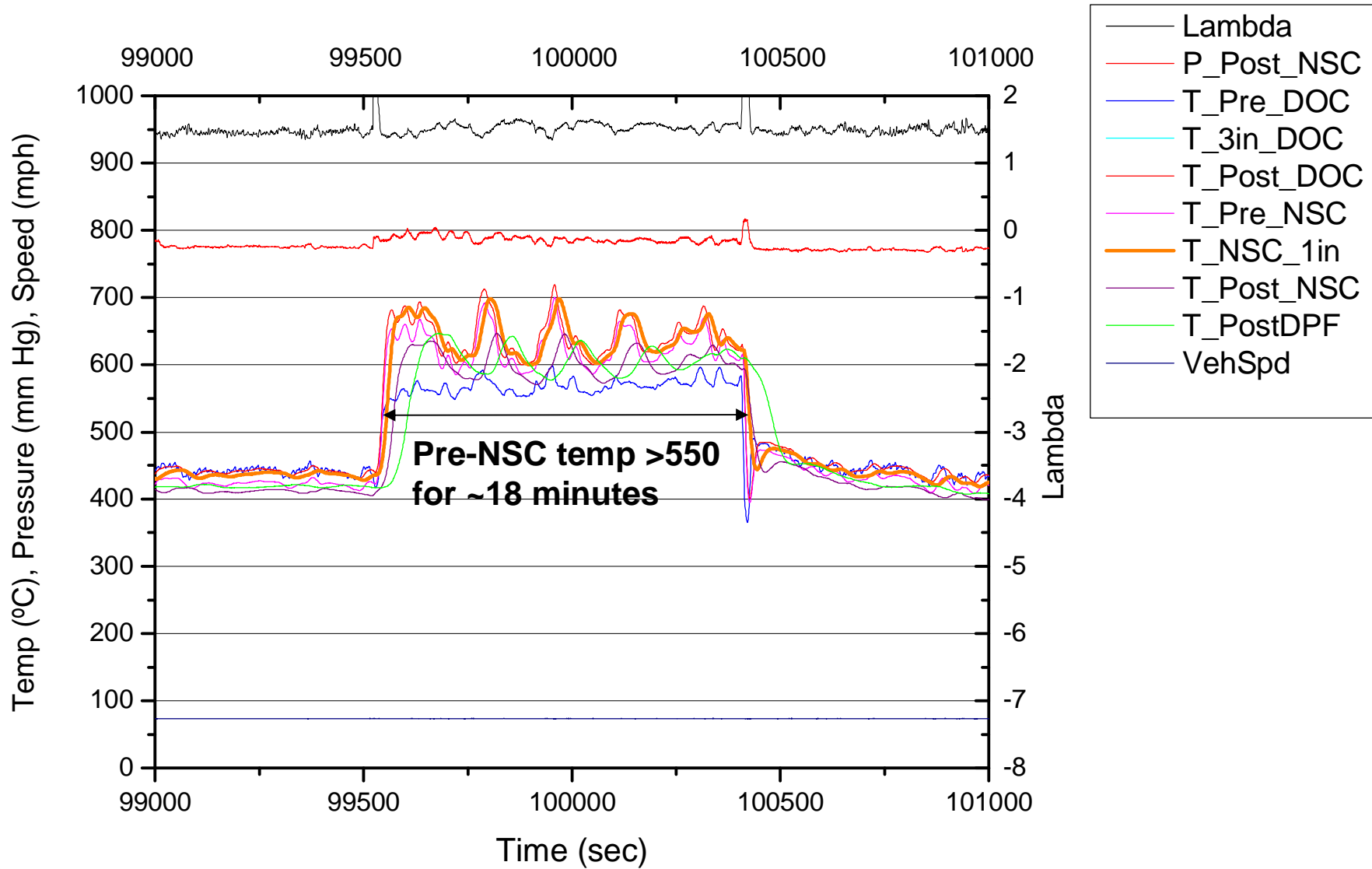
Road Aging Gas Temperatures



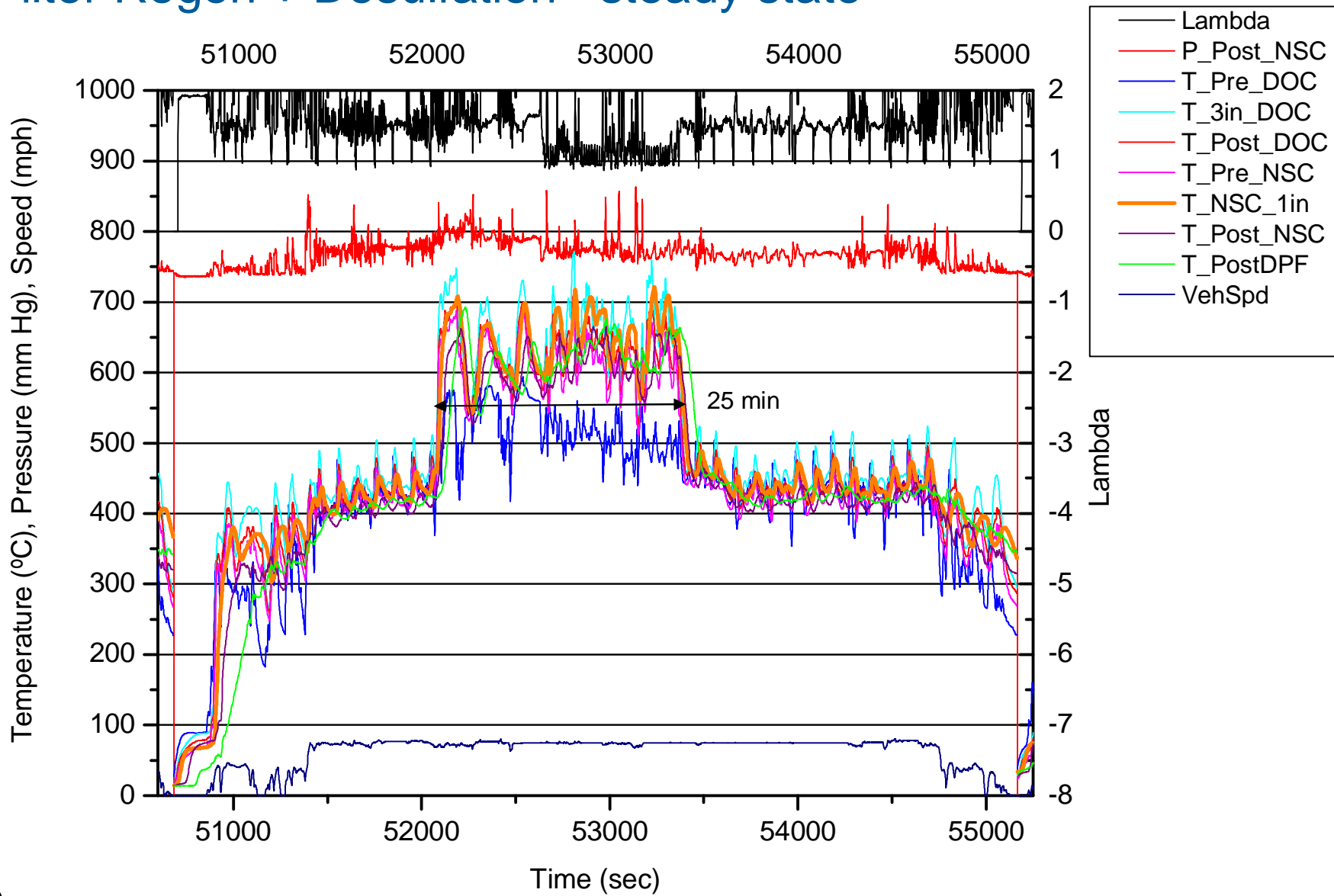
Road Aging Gas Temperatures – Comparison of normal and high load



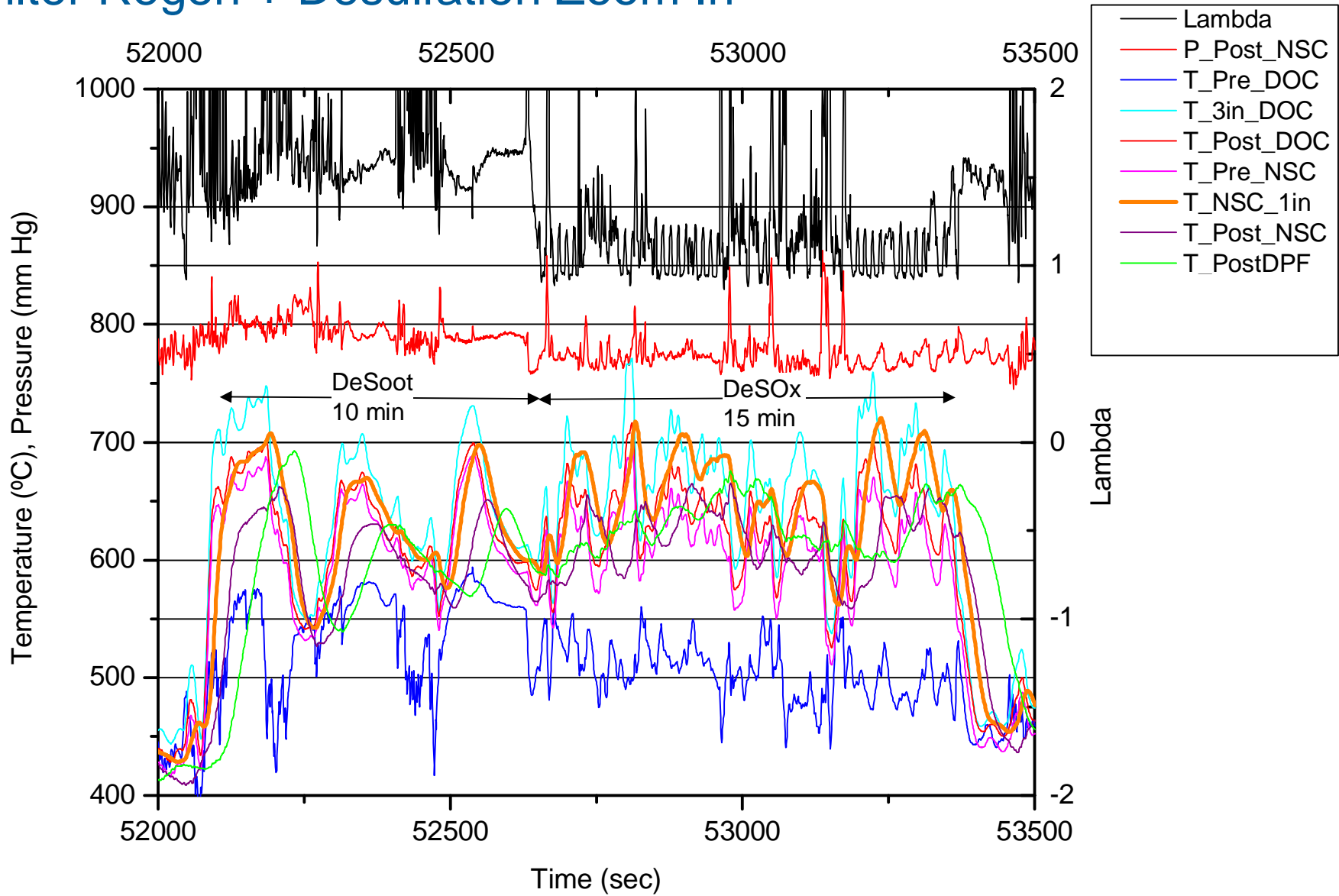
Road data example – Normal Filter Regen ~steady state



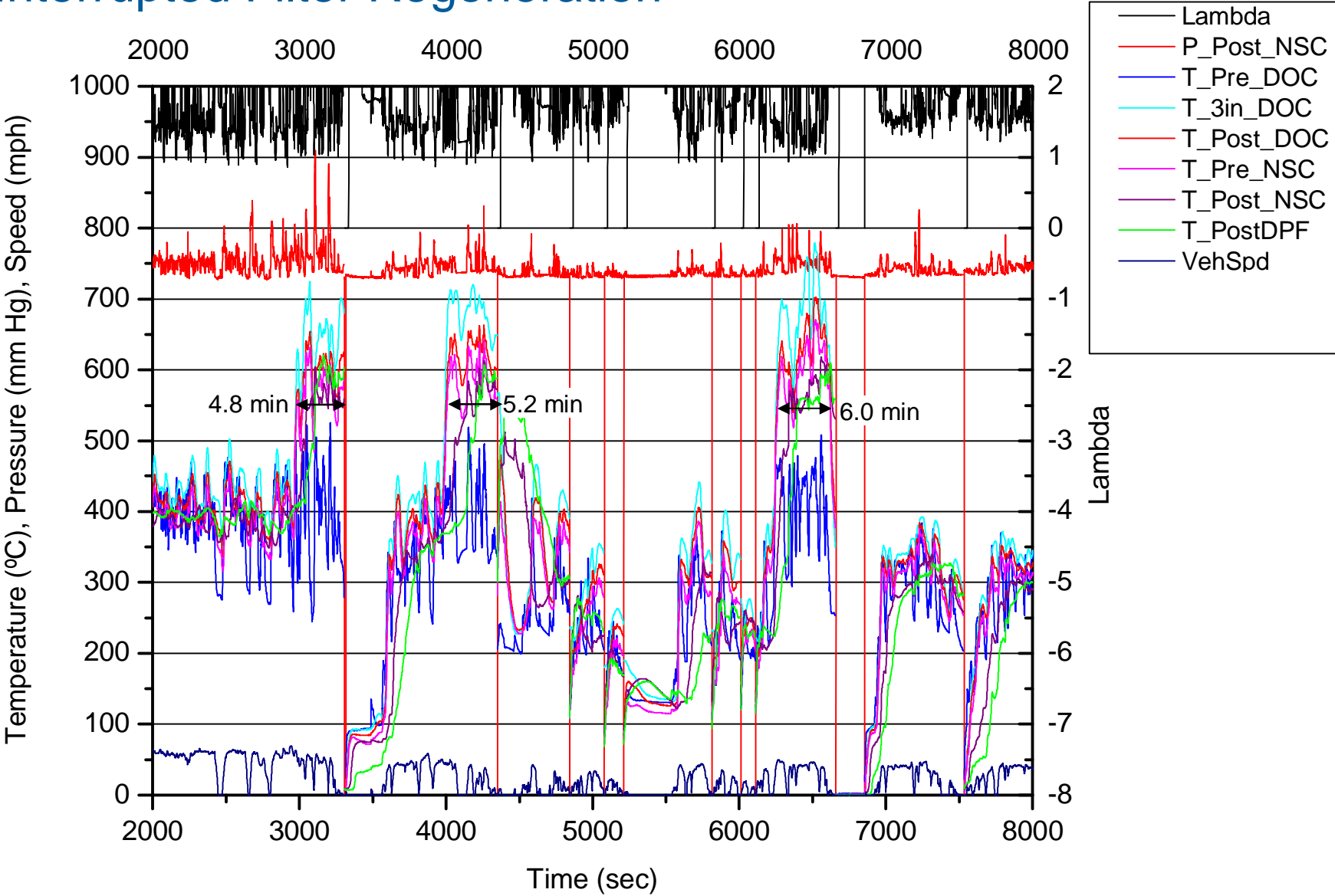
Road data example – Filter Regen + Desulfation ~steady state



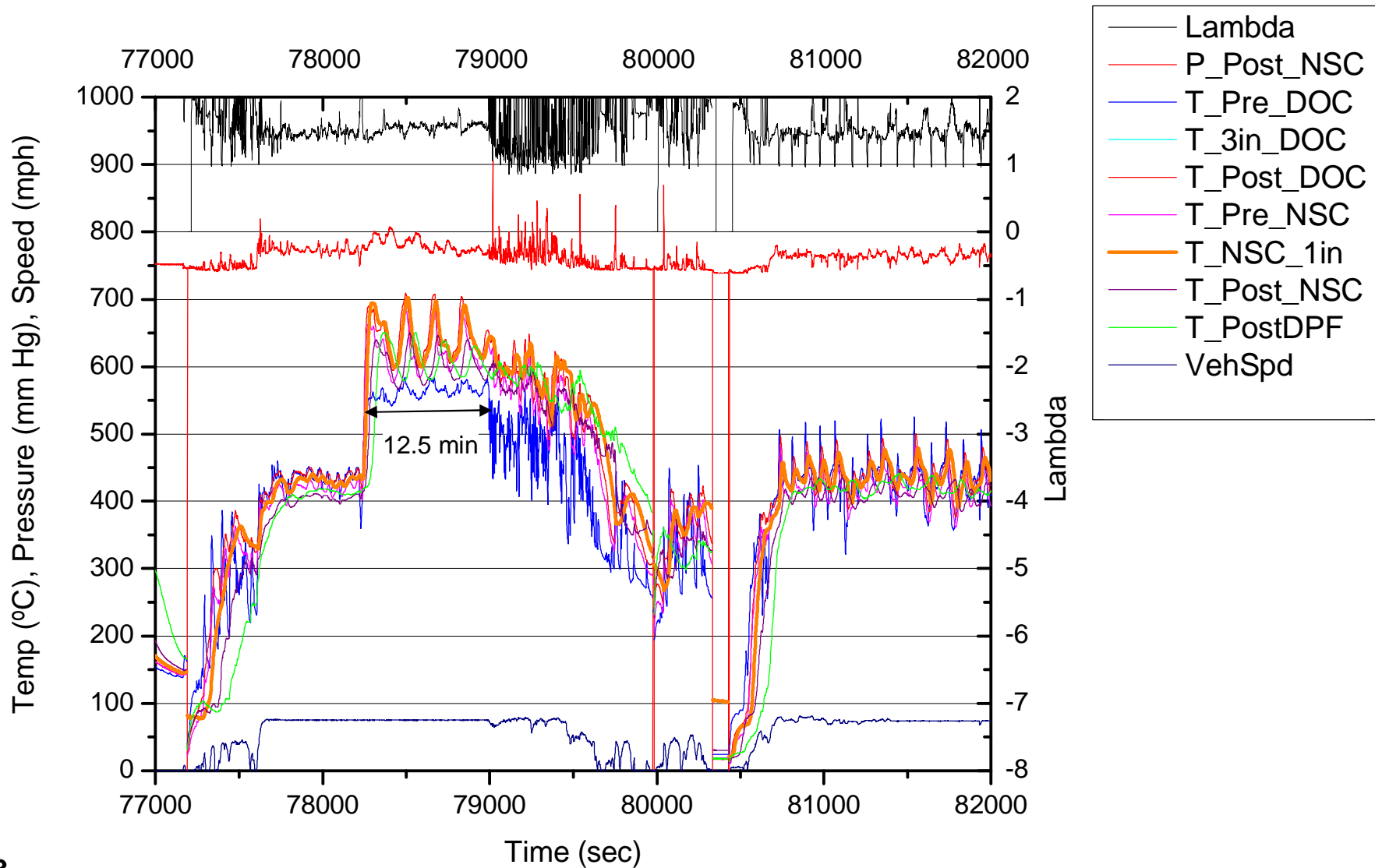
Road data example – Filter Regen + Desulfation Zoom In



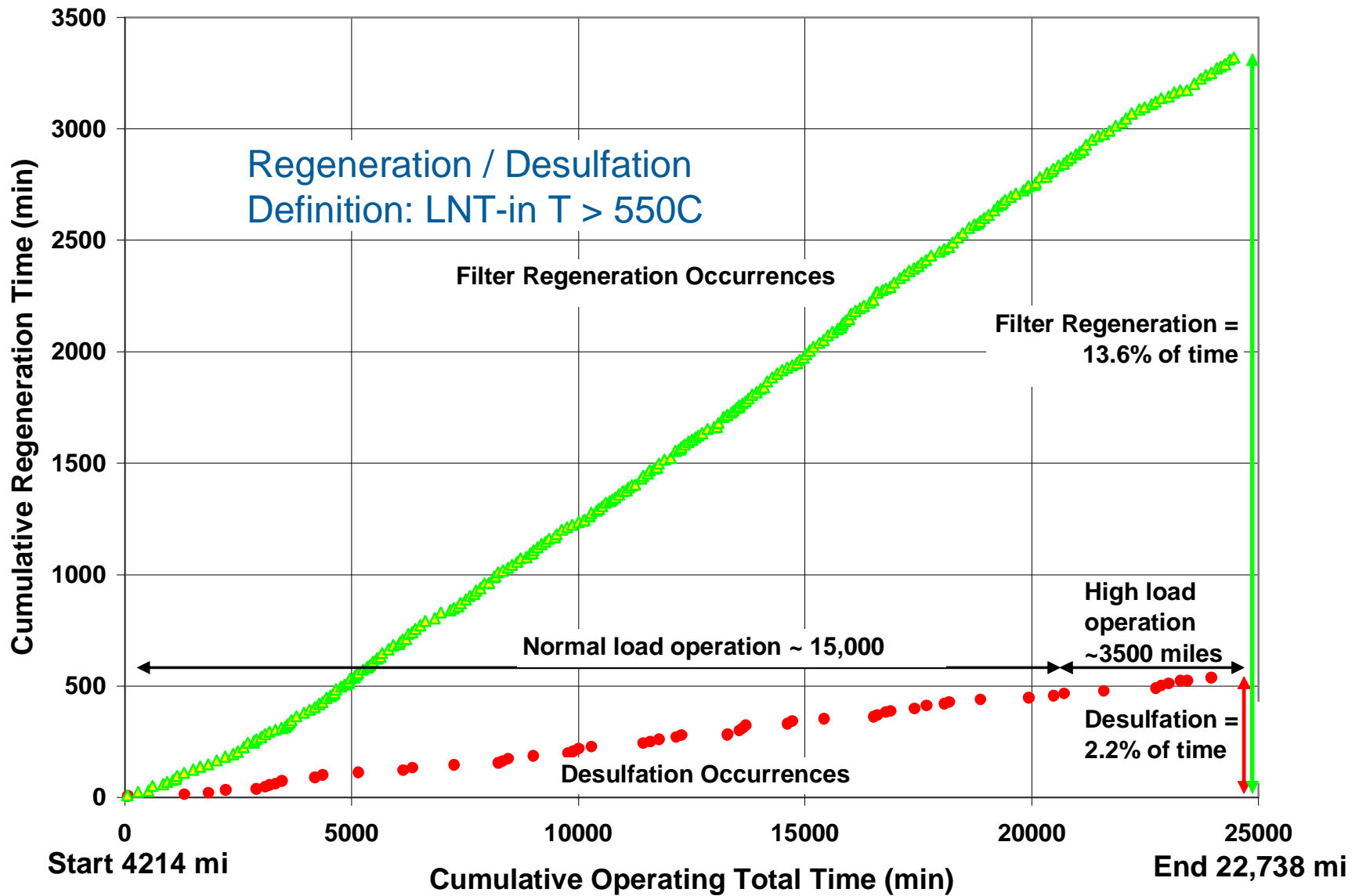
Road data example – Interrupted Filter Regeneration



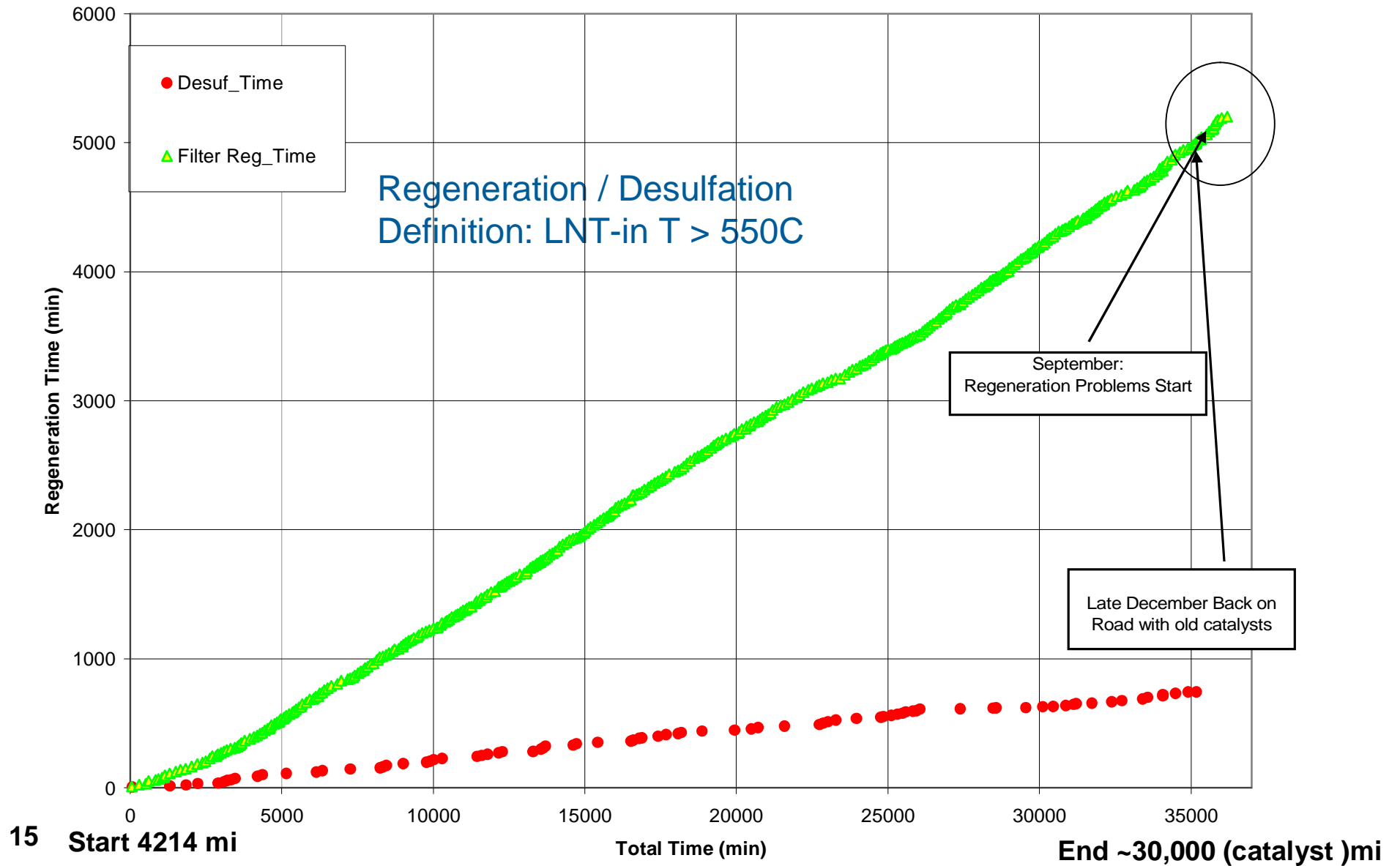
Road data example – Incomplete Desulfation



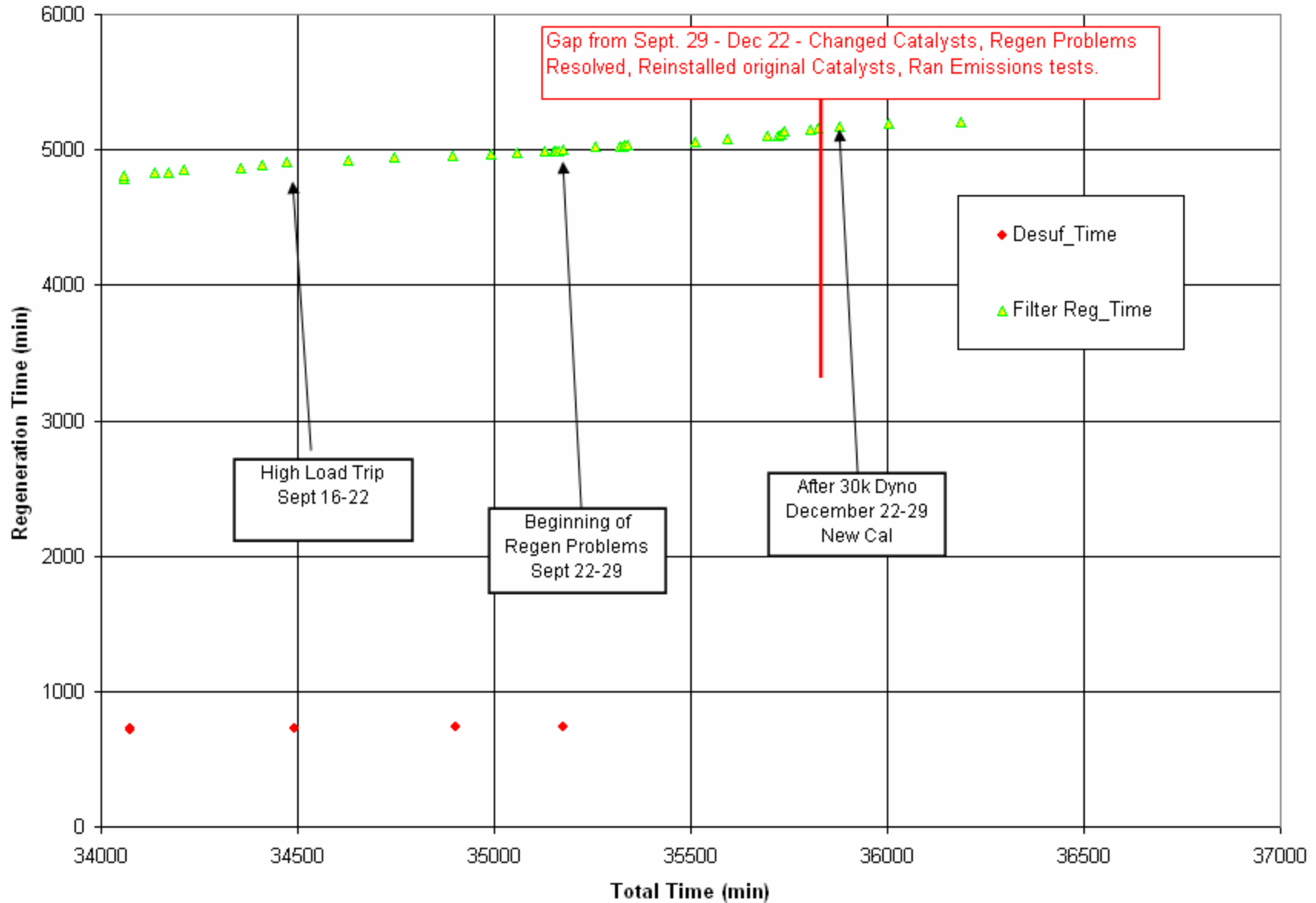
Road data summary – Filter regeneration and LNT desulfation occurrence



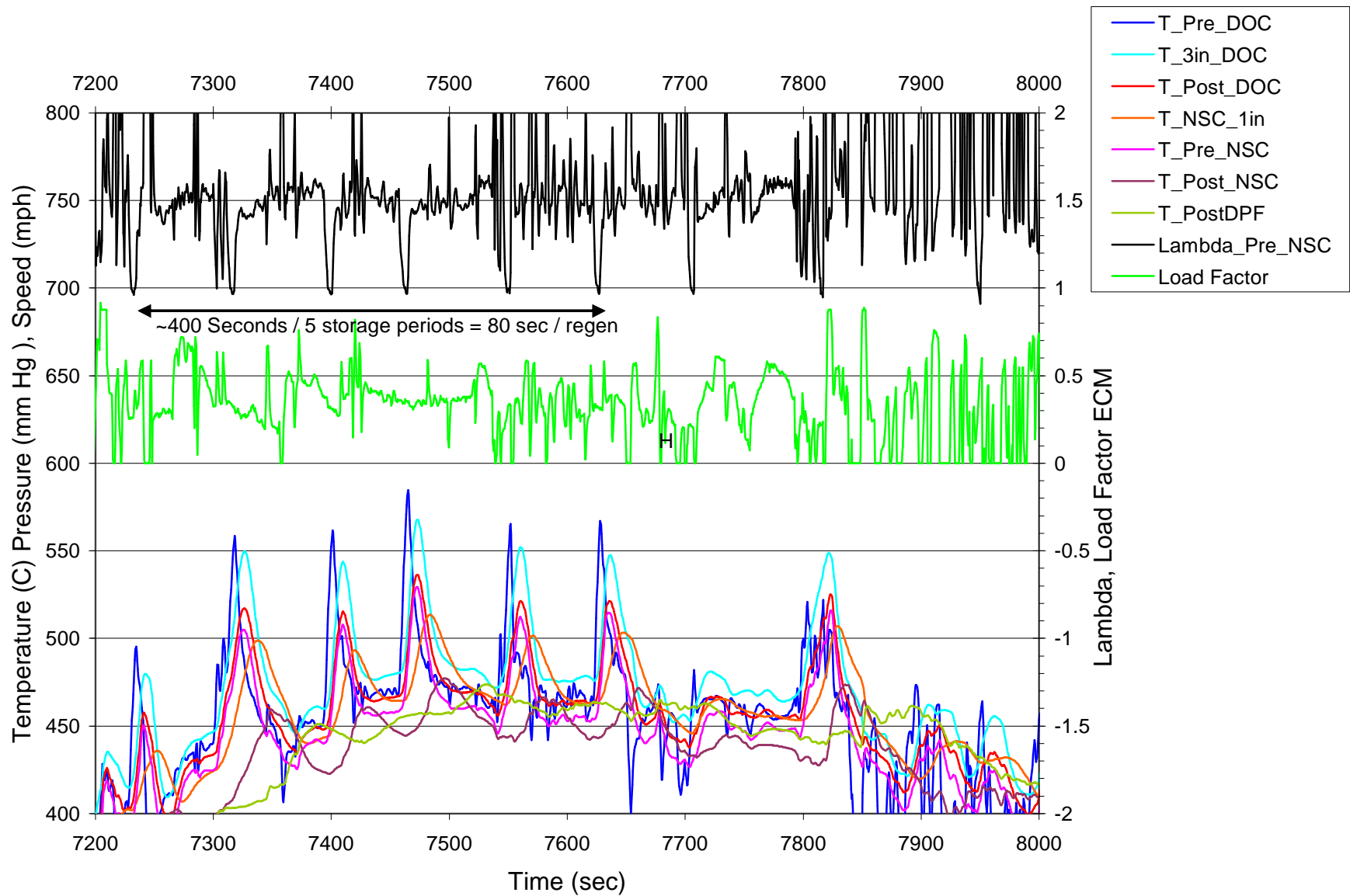
Road data summary – Filter regeneration and LNT desulfation occurrence thru ~30k



Road data summary – Filter regeneration and LNT desulfation occurrence near 30k

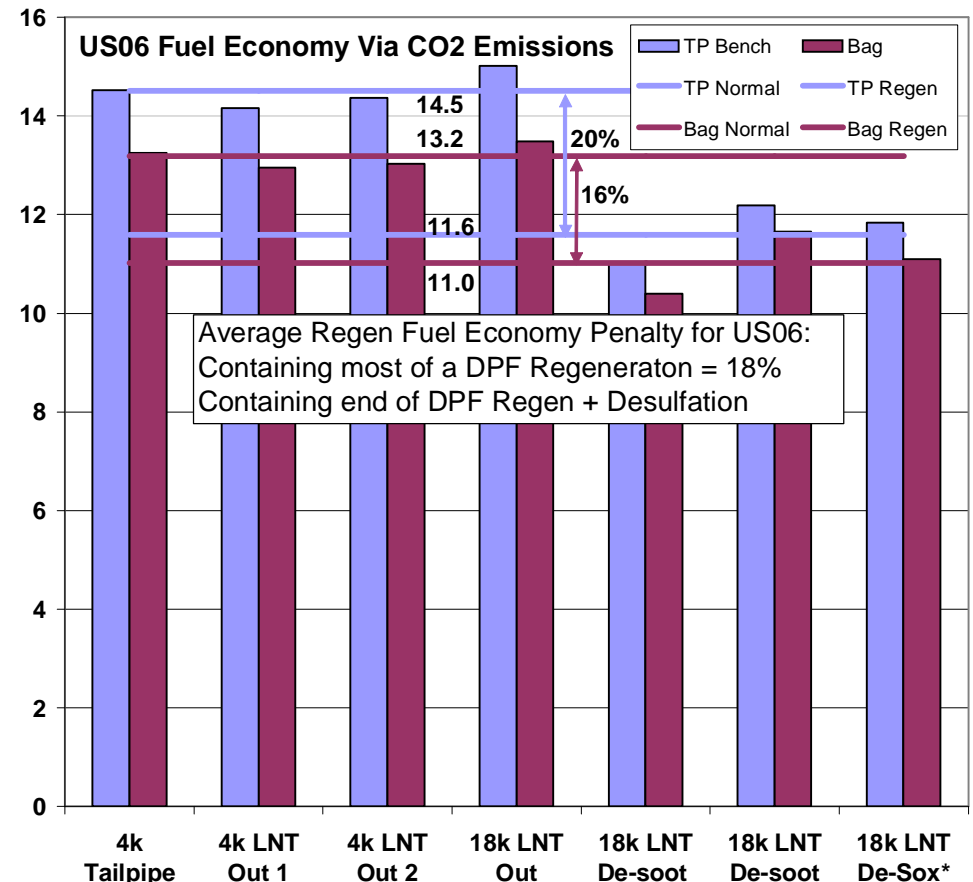
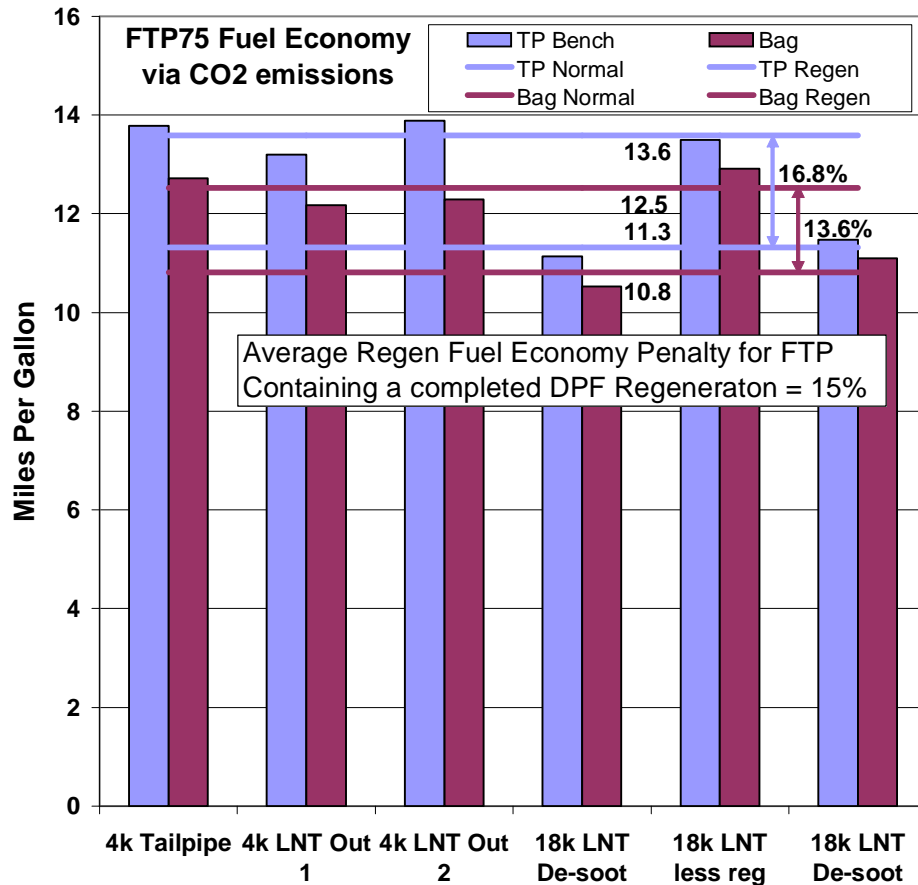


Road data example – Continuous high speed / load



Chassis emissions tests
at 4k, 18k and ~30k (catalyst) miles

FTP75 and US06 Fuel Economy and Penalties



Cycle Fuel Economy Summary:

(Without DeSoot or DeSOx)

FTP (bag) = 12.5 mpg average

US06 (bag) = 13.2 mpg average

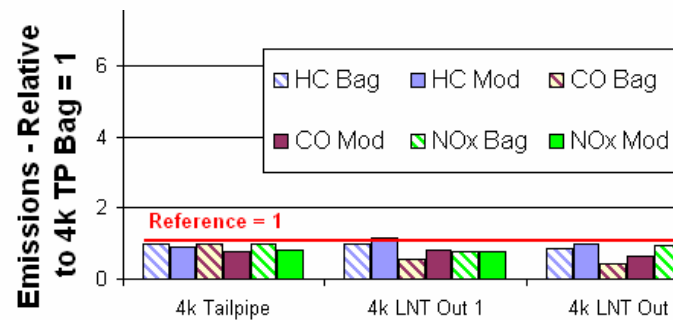
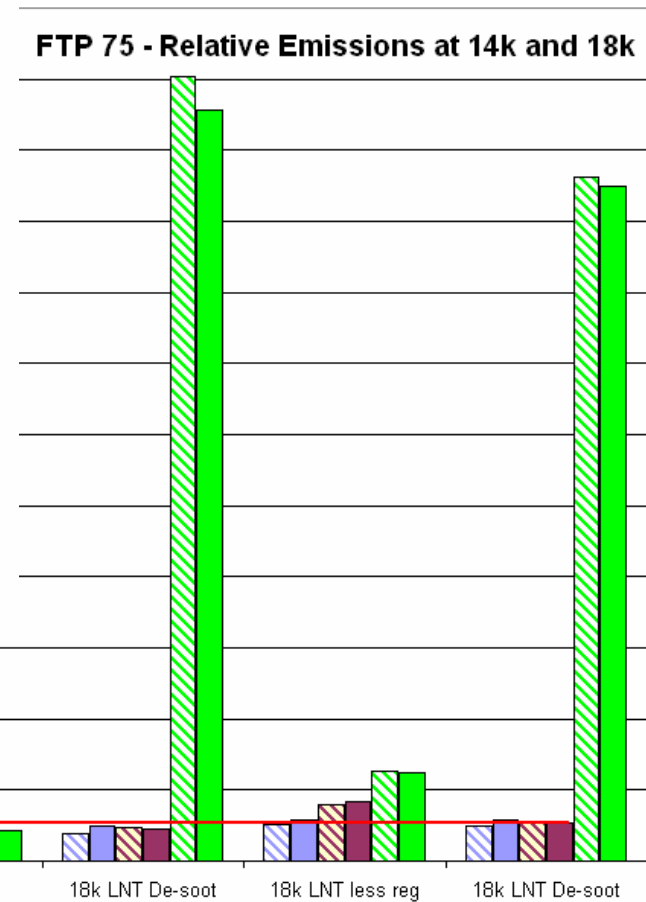
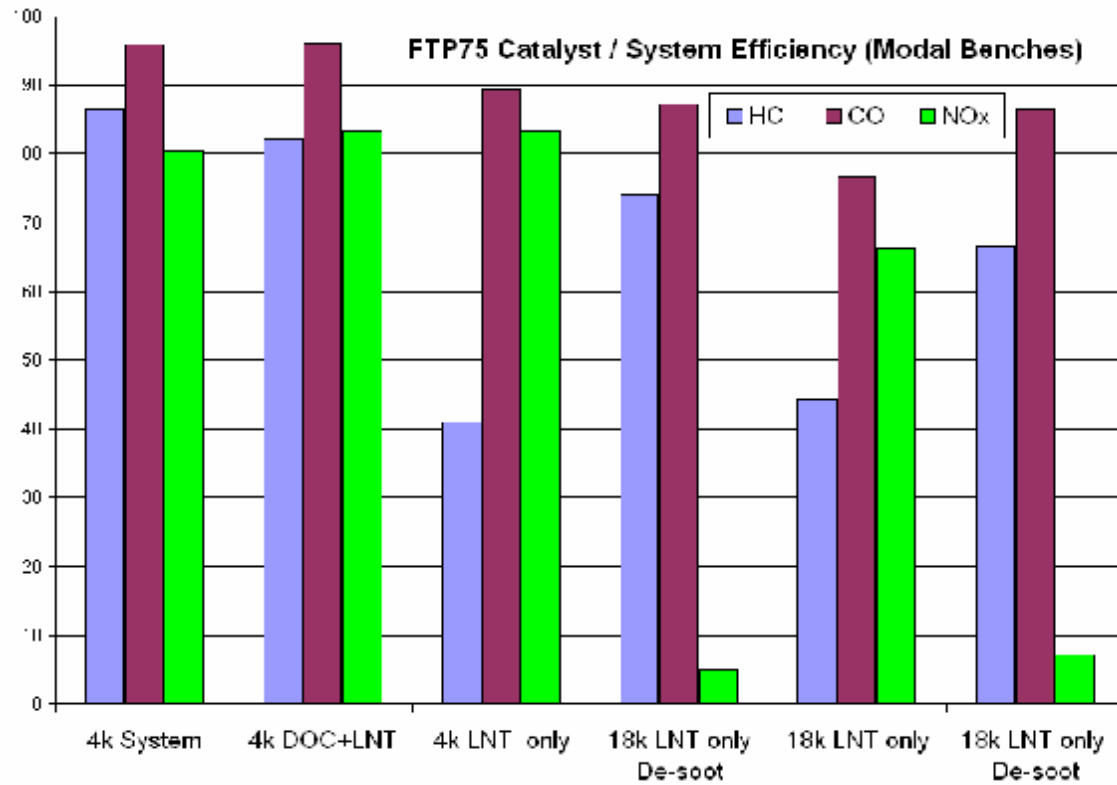
Cycle Event Fuel Economy Penalties:

DeSoot within FTP = 15% (~27% in phase 2)

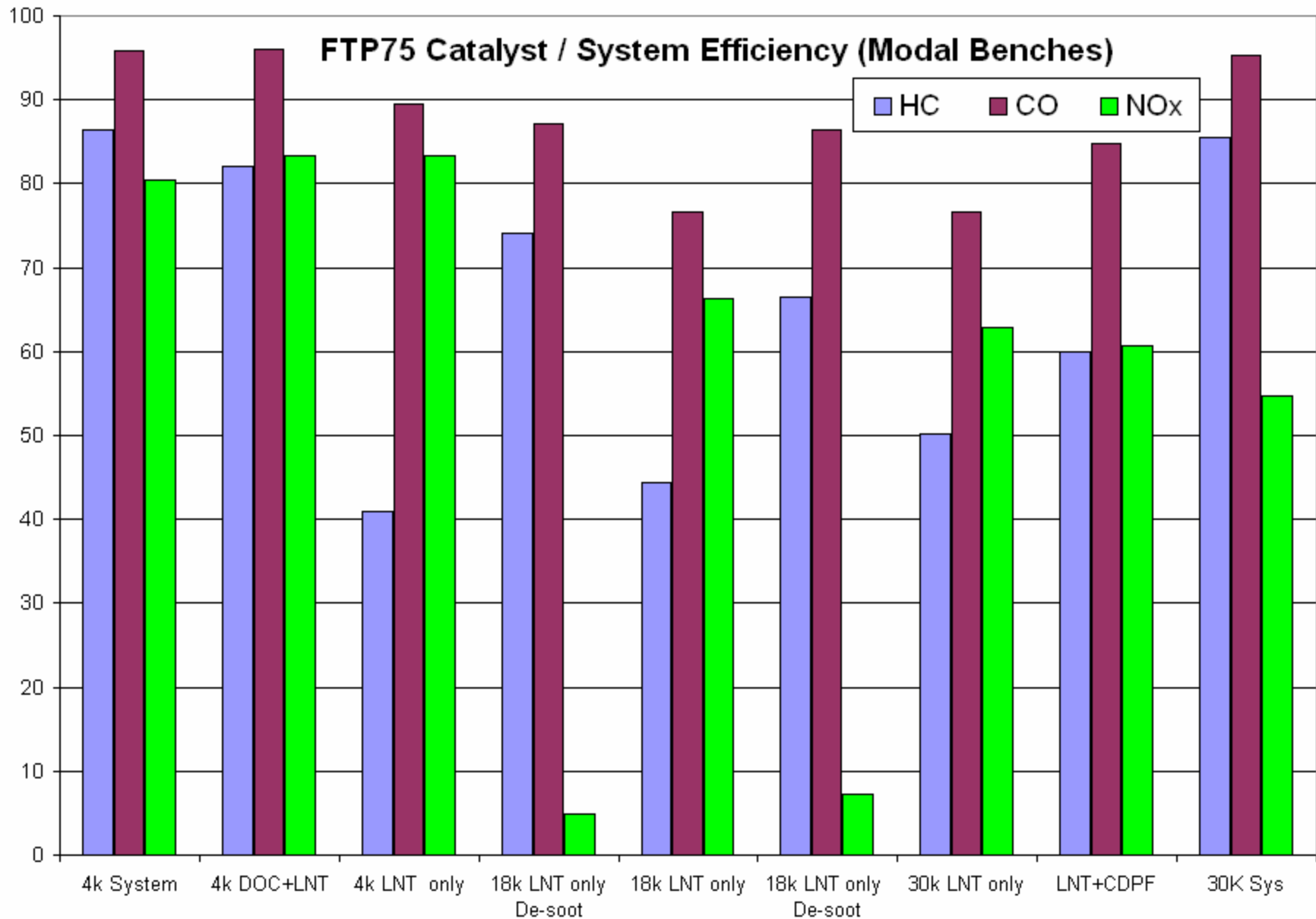
DeSoot (partial) within US06 = 18%

End DeSoot + DeSOx within US06 = 18%

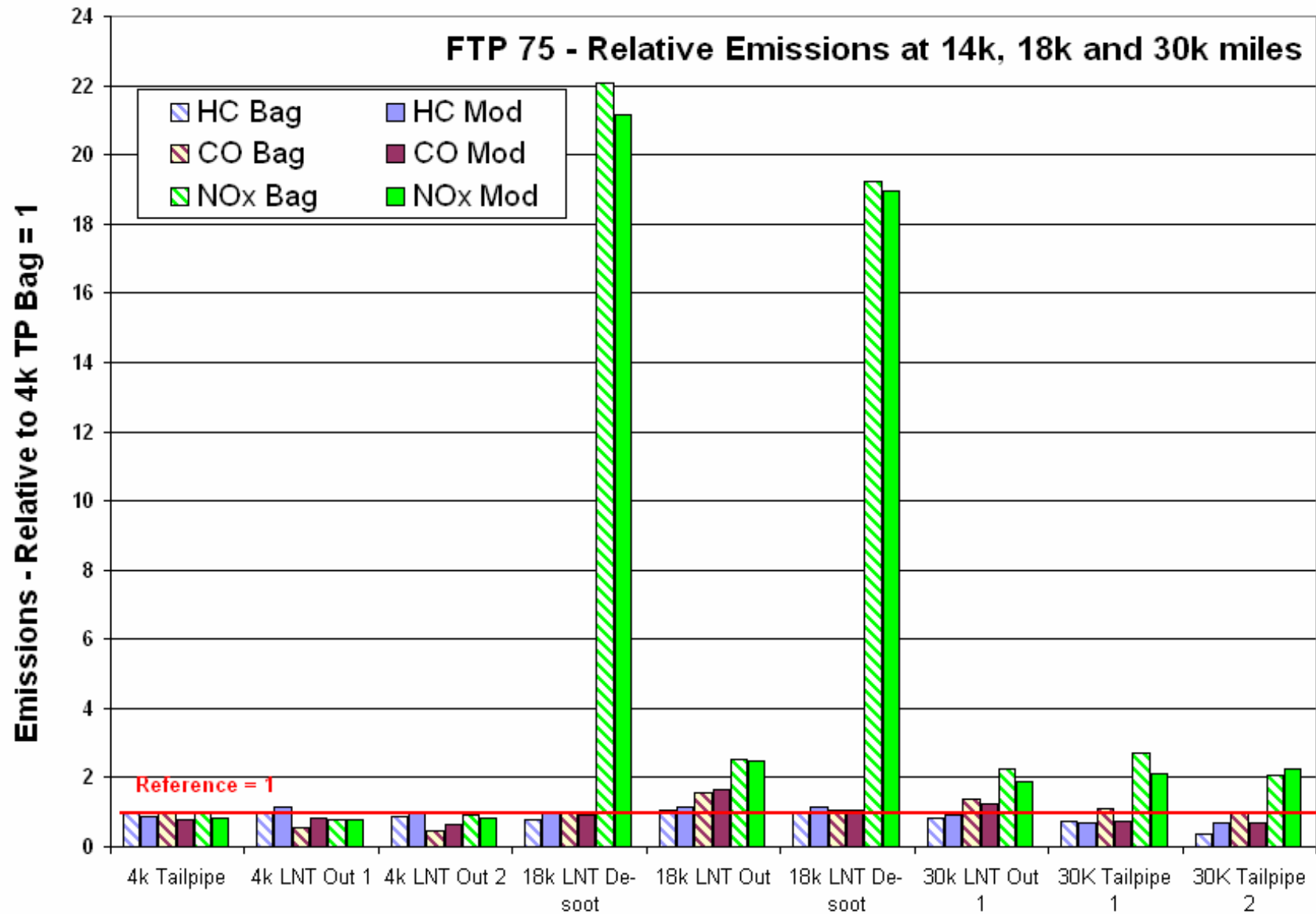
FTP75 emissions at 4k and 18k miles



FTP75 Catalyst Efficiency

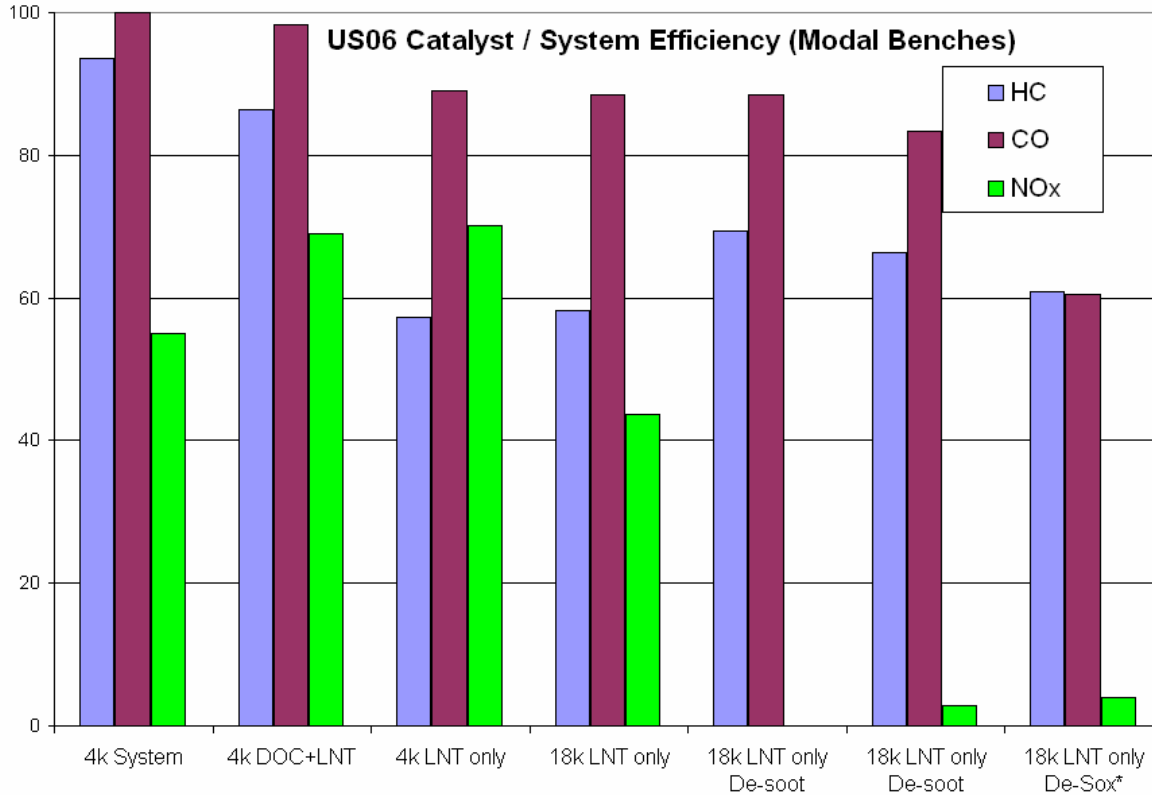


FTP75 System Relative Emissions



US06 emissions at 4000 and 18,500 miles

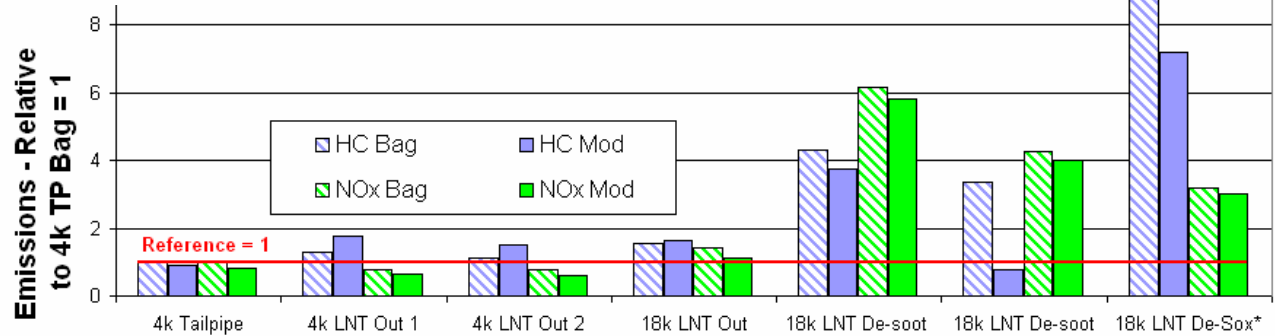
(Reference only – not required for HD Chassis Cert)



US06 Relative Emissions at 14k and 18k

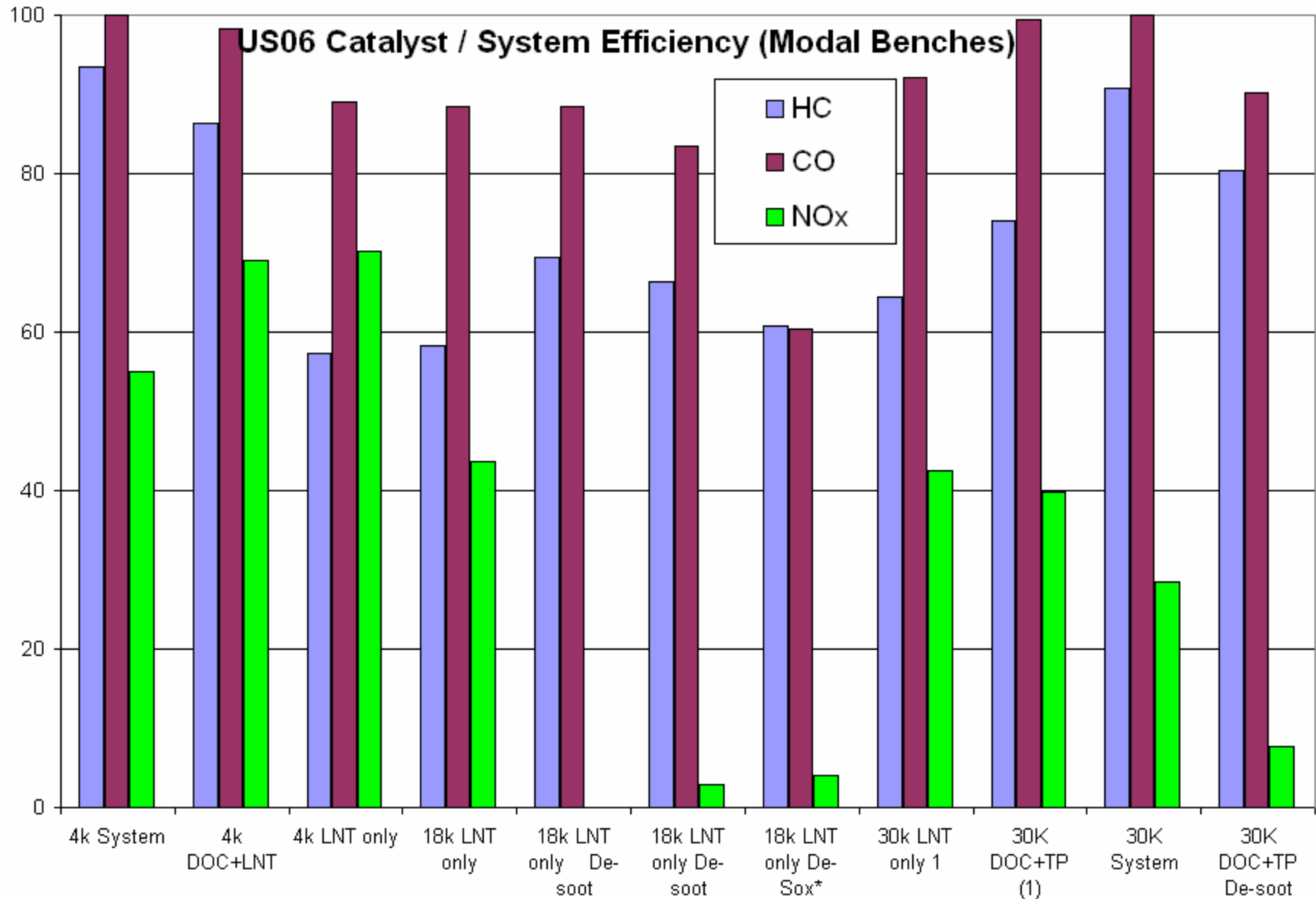
CO is omitted because TP reference value is near zero, -> LNT-out CO/TP CO becomes very large.
 LNT -out HC also will be oxidized over the filter, especially during desulfation due to oxygen storage

*Short De-Soot + Shortened De-SOx



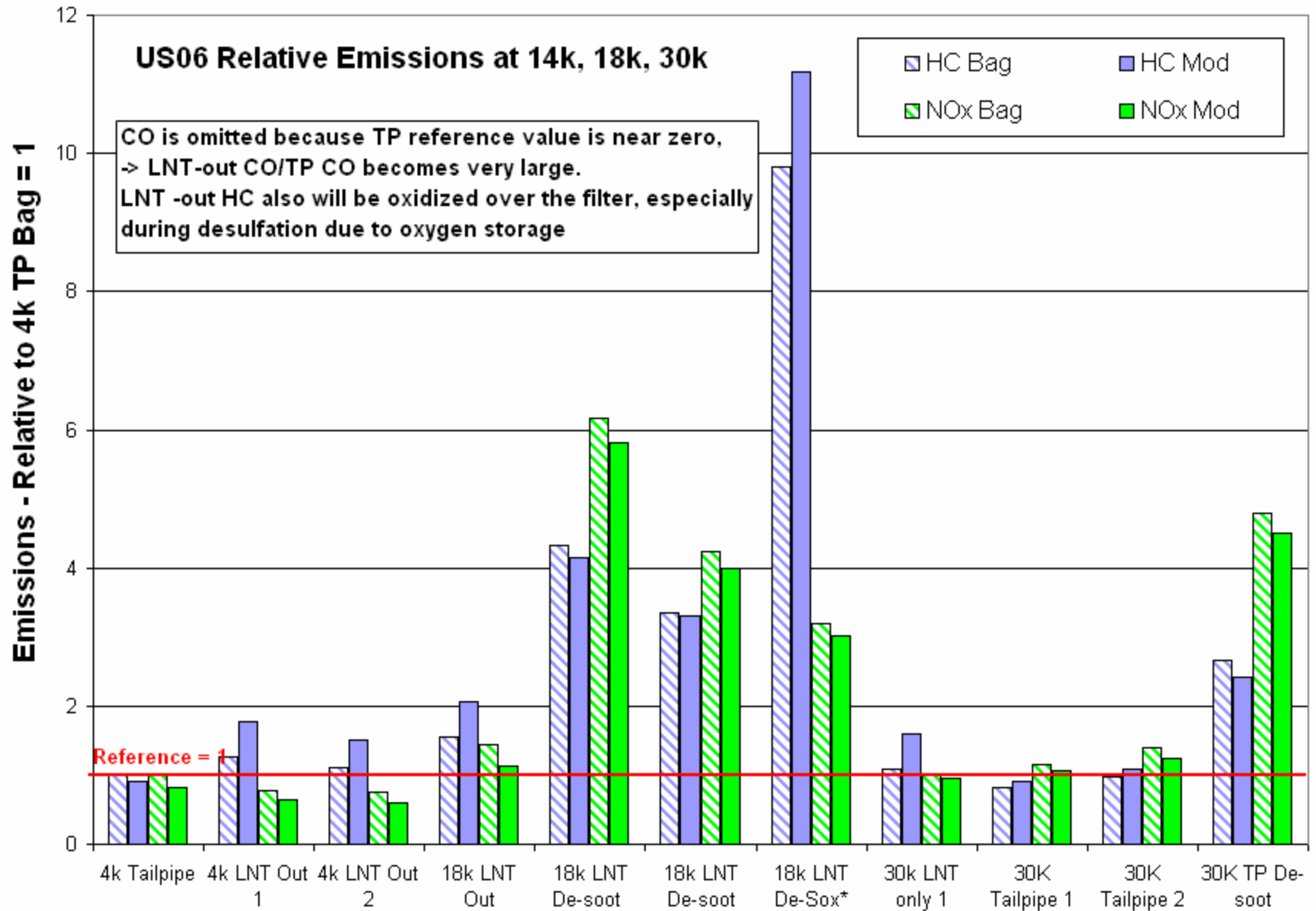
US06 Catalyst System Efficiencies

(Reference only – not required for HD Chassis Cert)



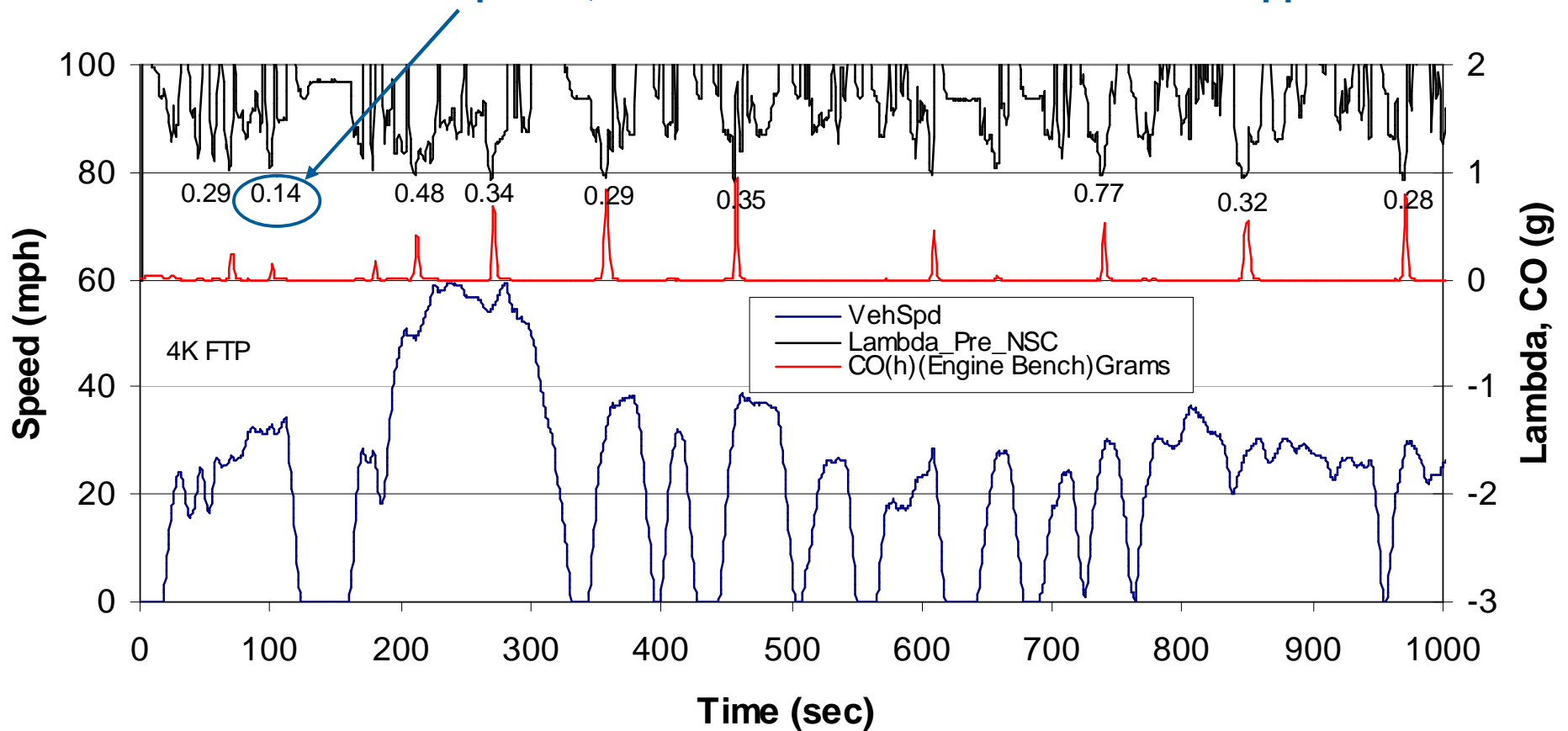
US06 System Relative Emissions

(Reference only – not required for HD Chassis Cert)



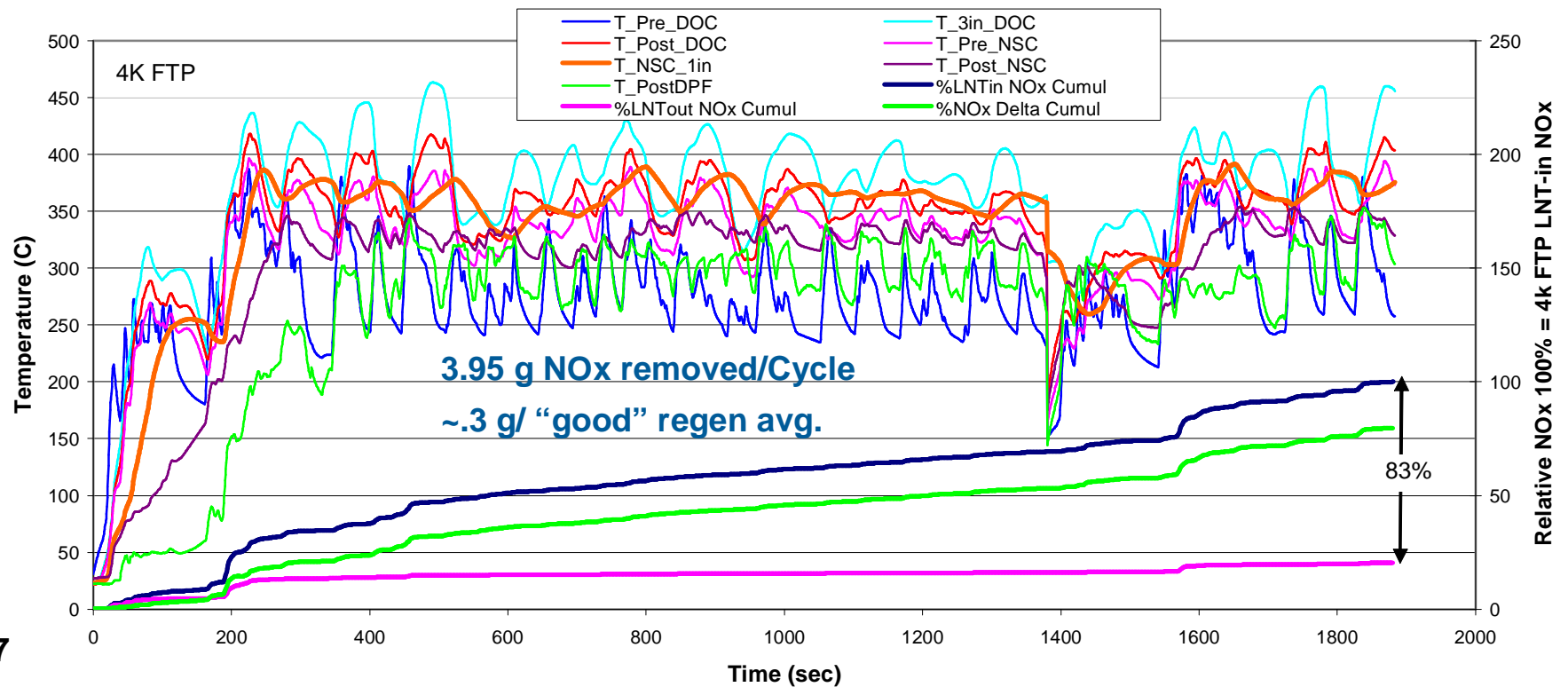
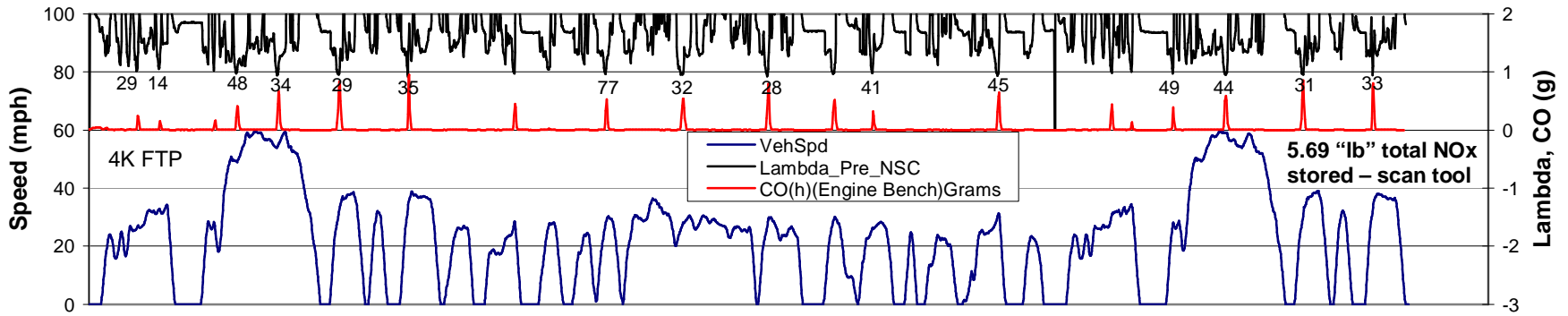
Indicators for NOx regeneration on FTP75 chassis test plots

NOx mass “lb” reported by scan tool before reset to zero at DeNOx regeneration. Where no mass reported, scanner did not reset to zero even at apparent DeNOx



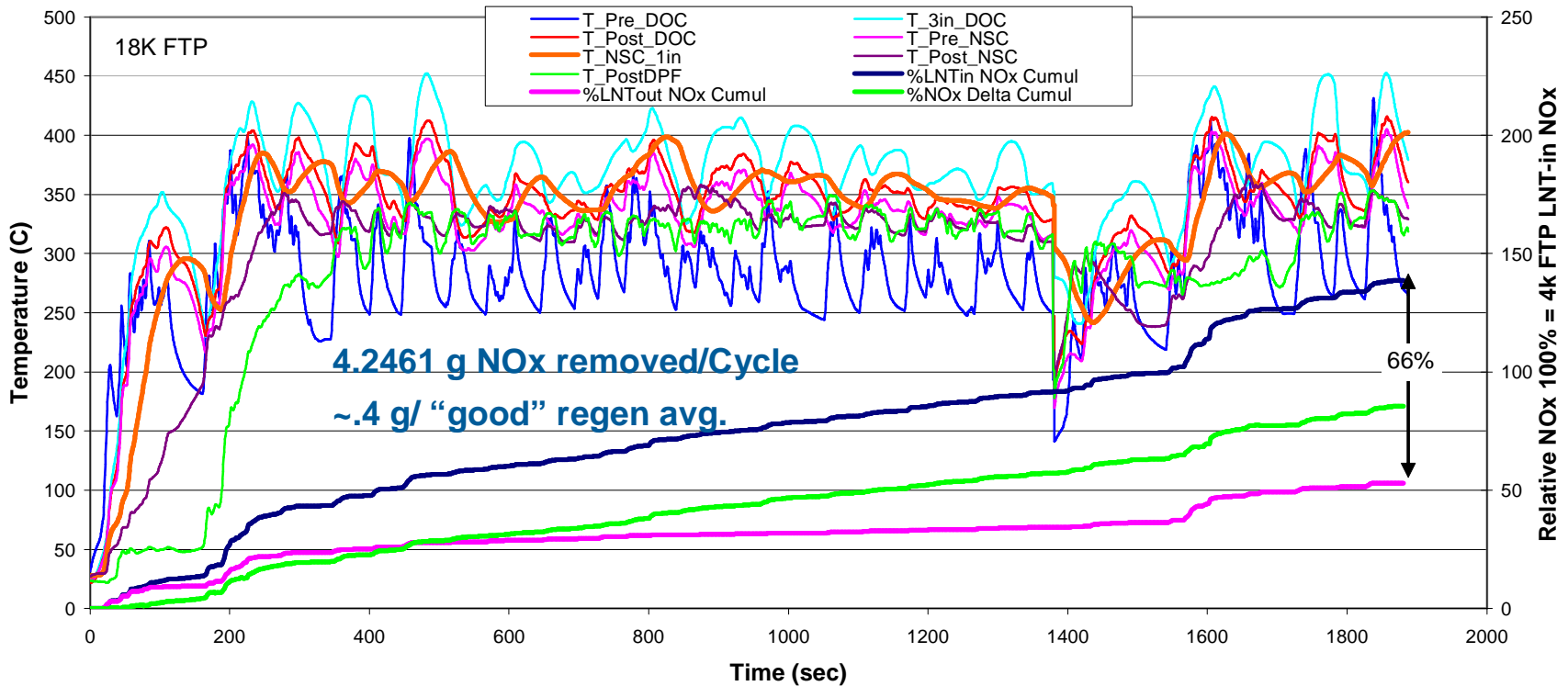
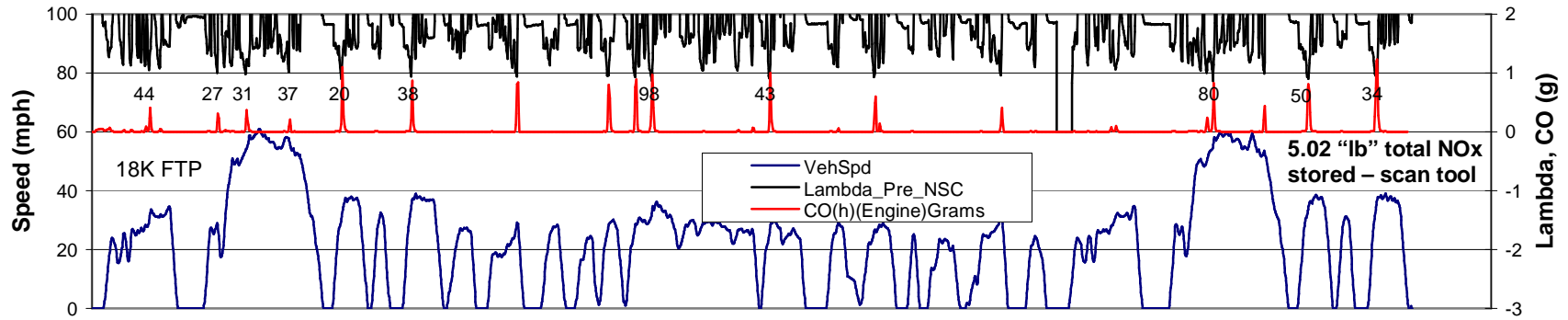
FTP75 Cycle at ~4000 miles

Bench locations across LNT only



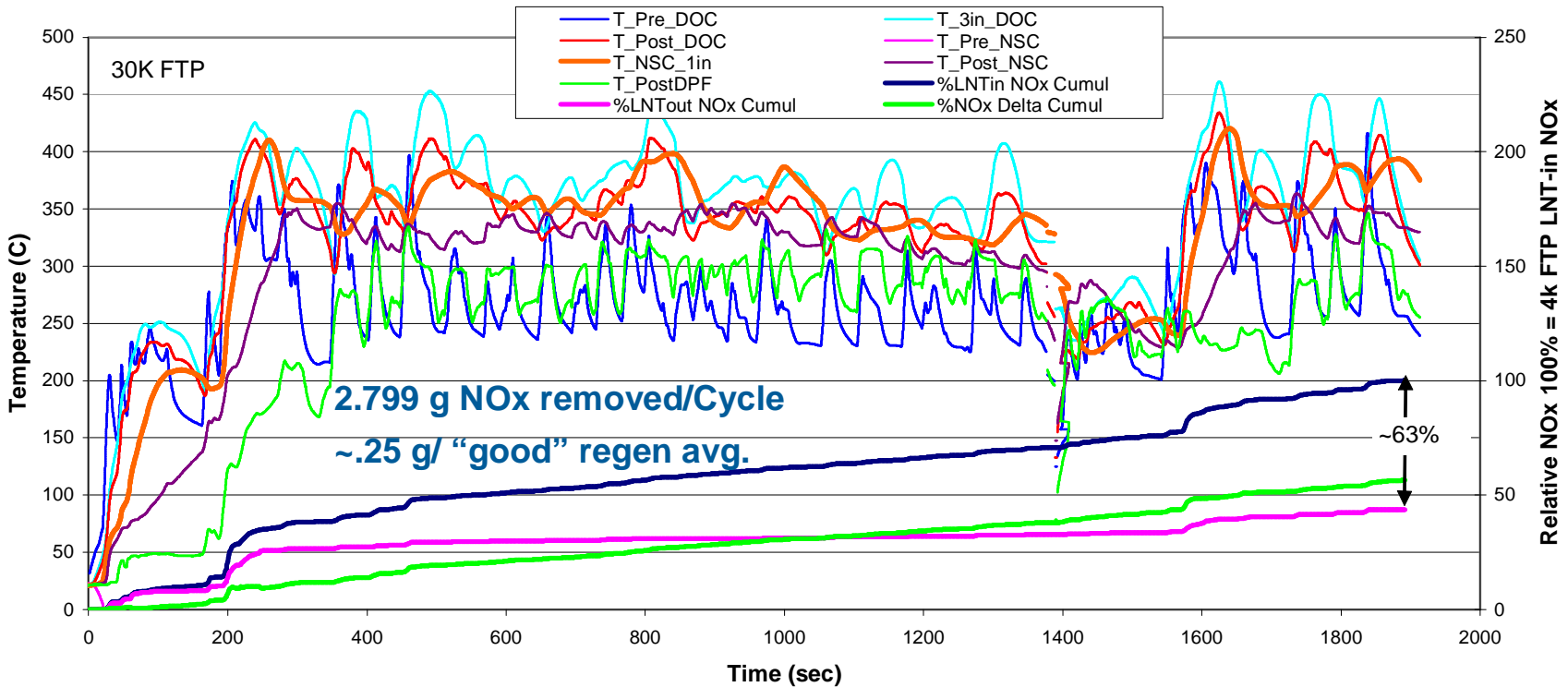
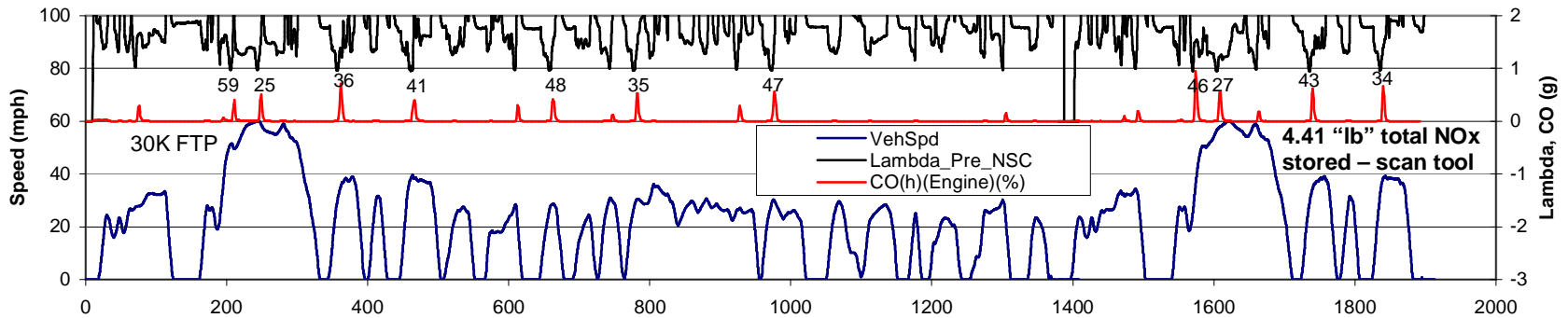
FTP75 Cycle at ~18,000 miles

Bench locations across LNT only

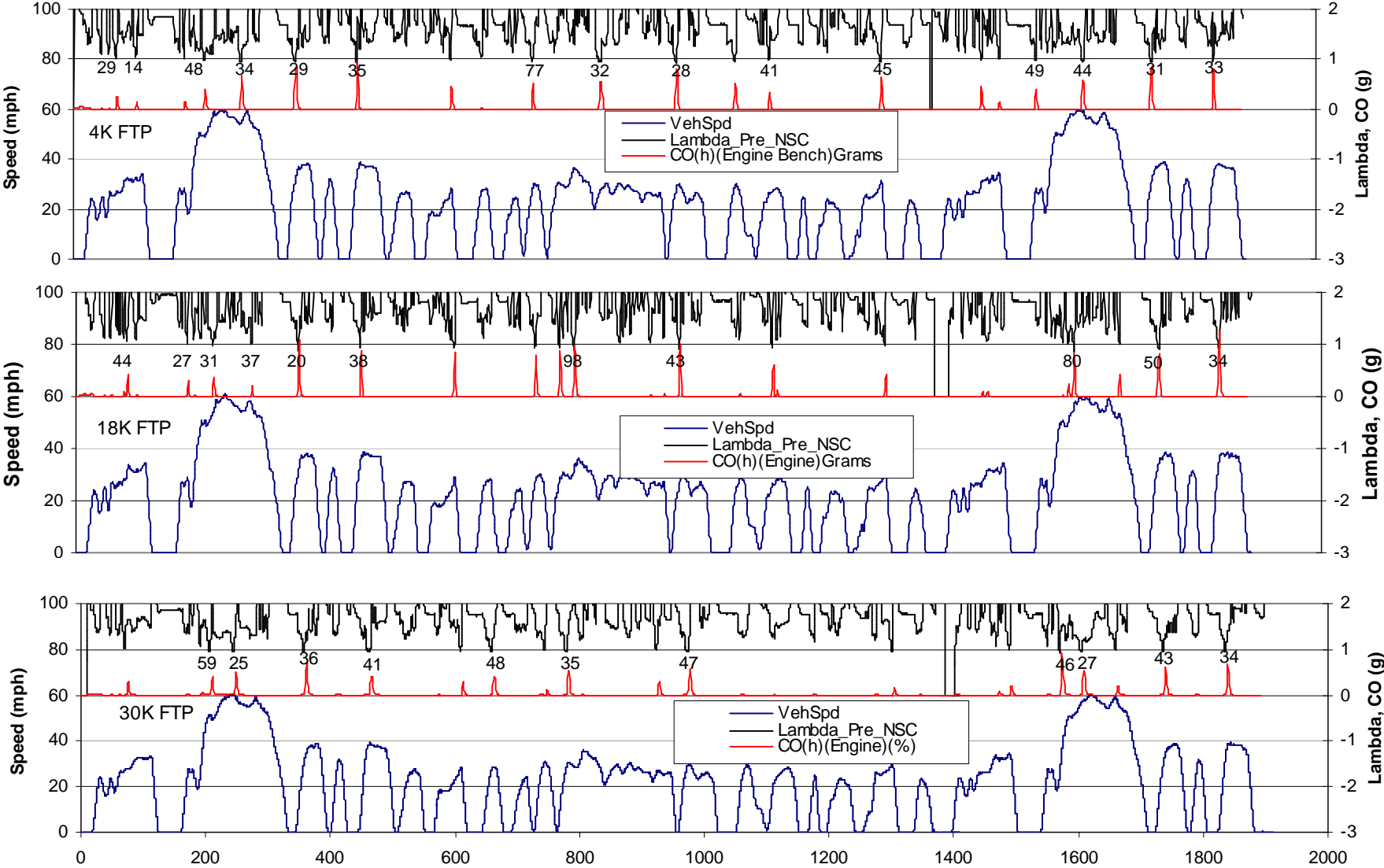


FTP75 Cycle at ~30,000 miles

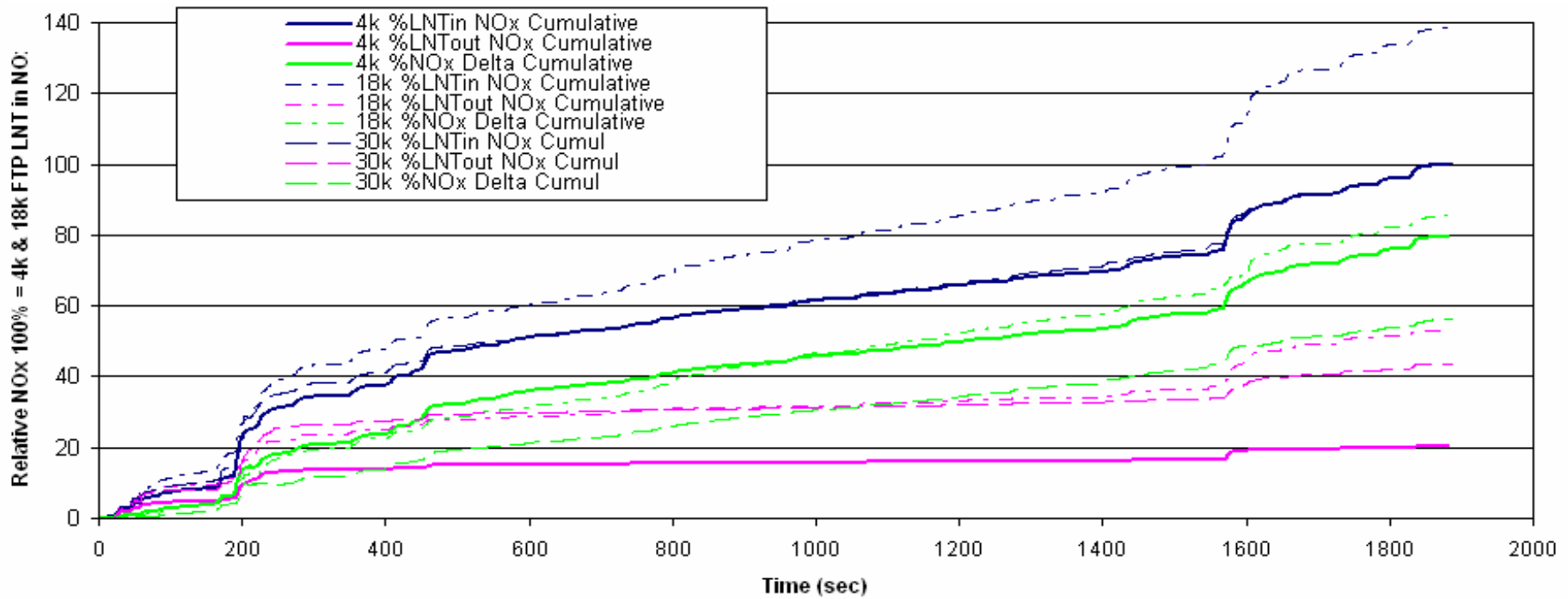
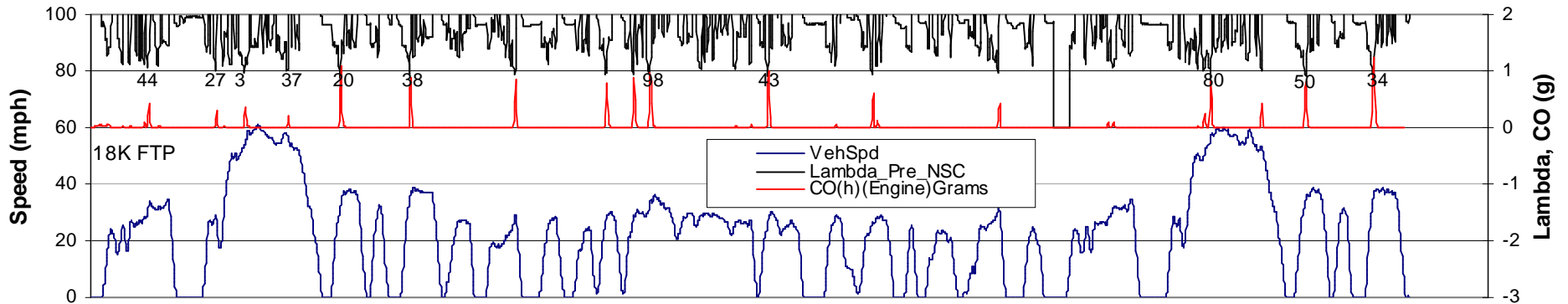
Bench locations across LNT only



Comparison of 4k, 18k and 30k FTP75 Cycles / Regenerations

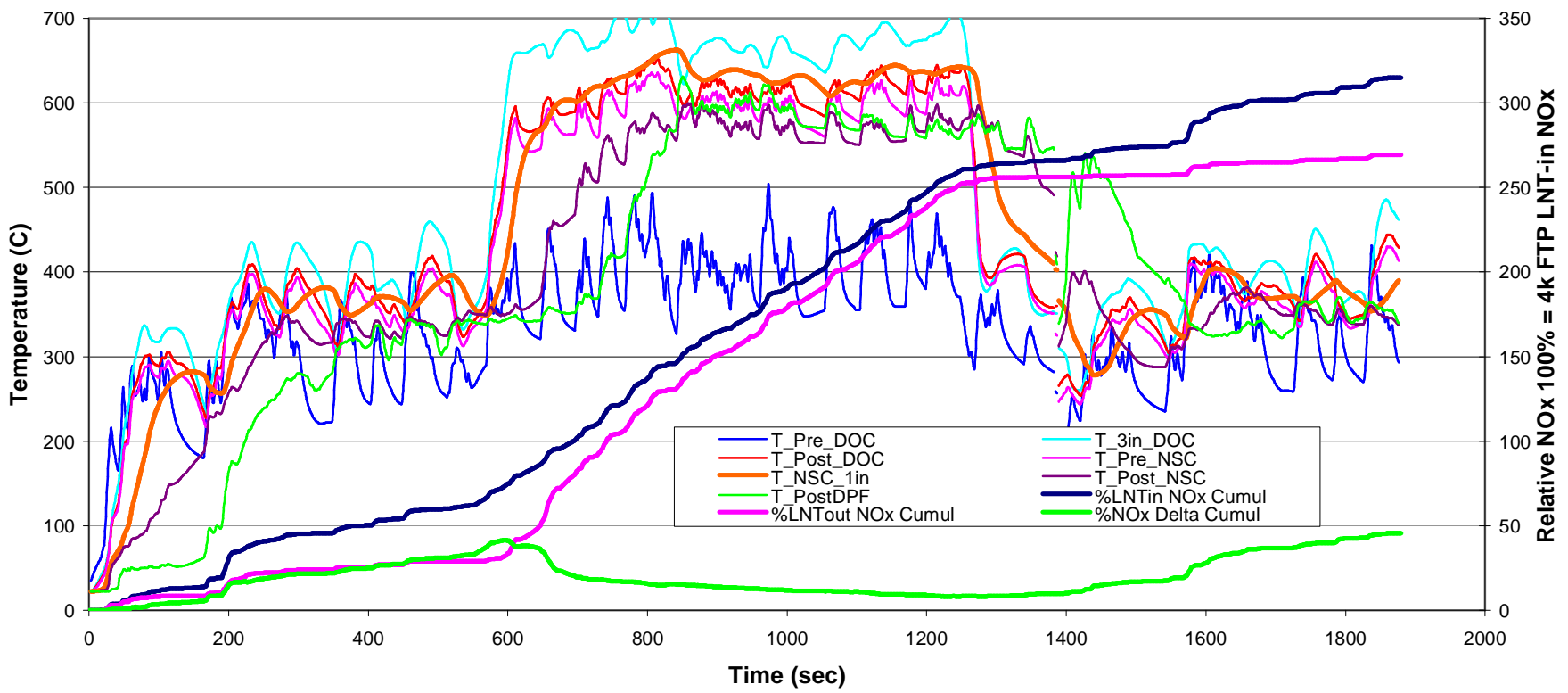
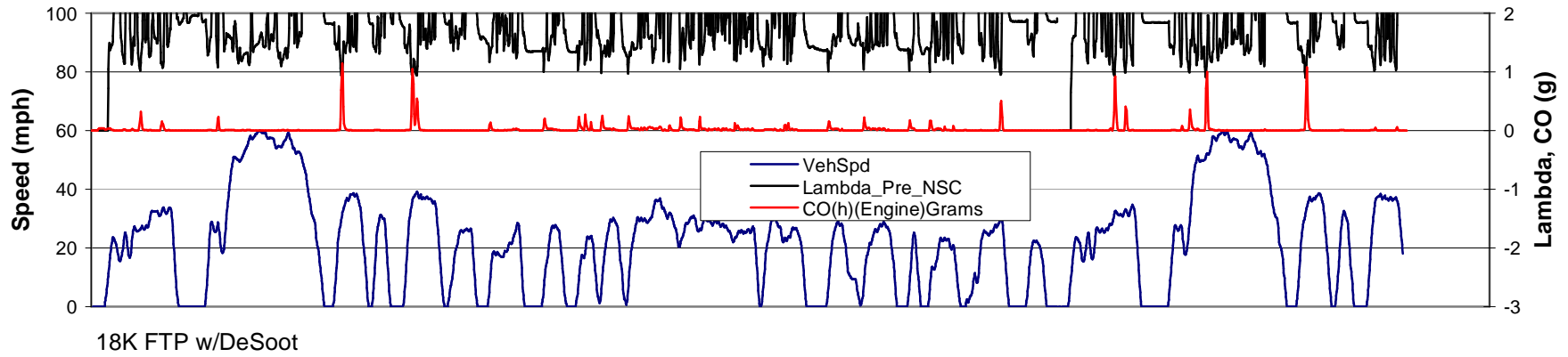


Comparison of FTP75 4k, 18k and ~30k Bench locations across LNT only

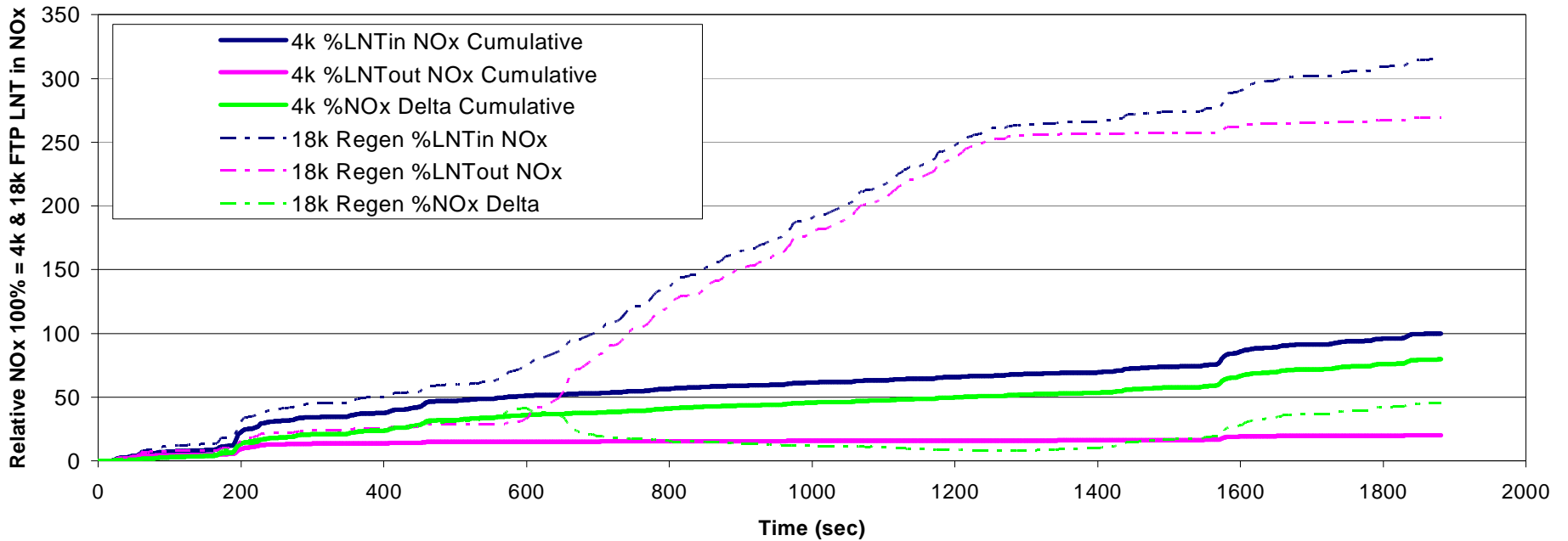
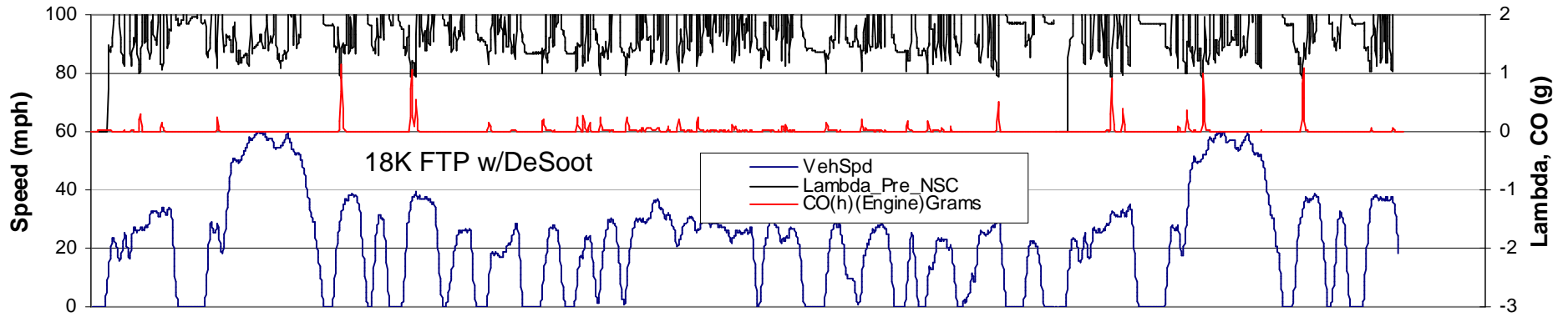


18k FTP75 with DeSoot Example

Bench locations across LNT only

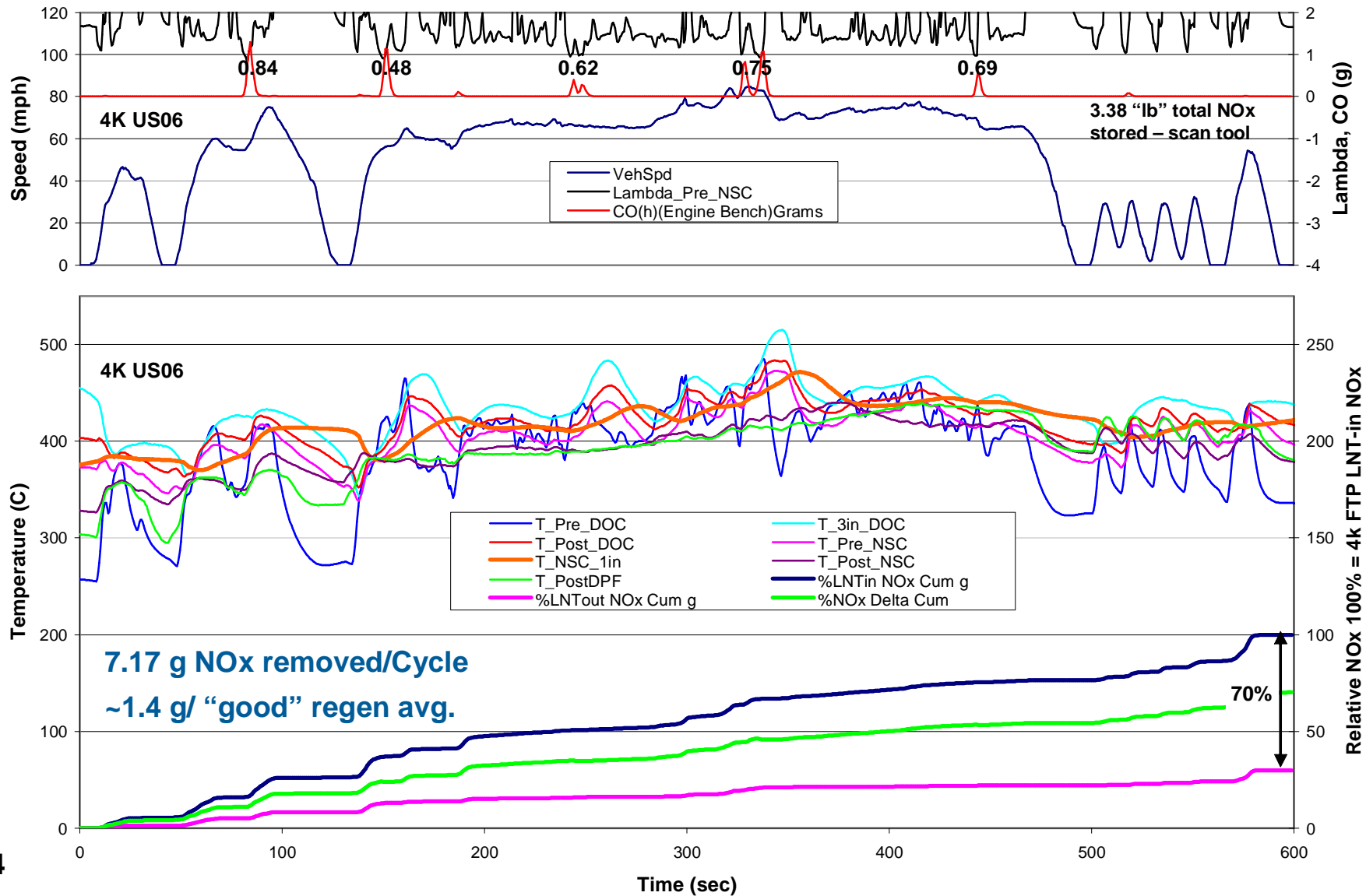


Comparison of FTP75 4k and 18k w/De-Soot Bench locations across LNT only

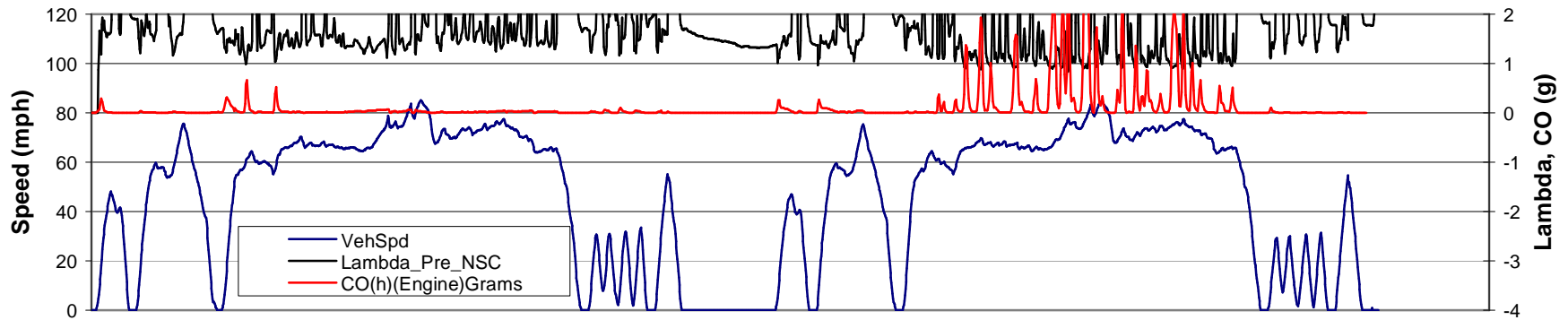


US06 Cycle at ~4000 miles

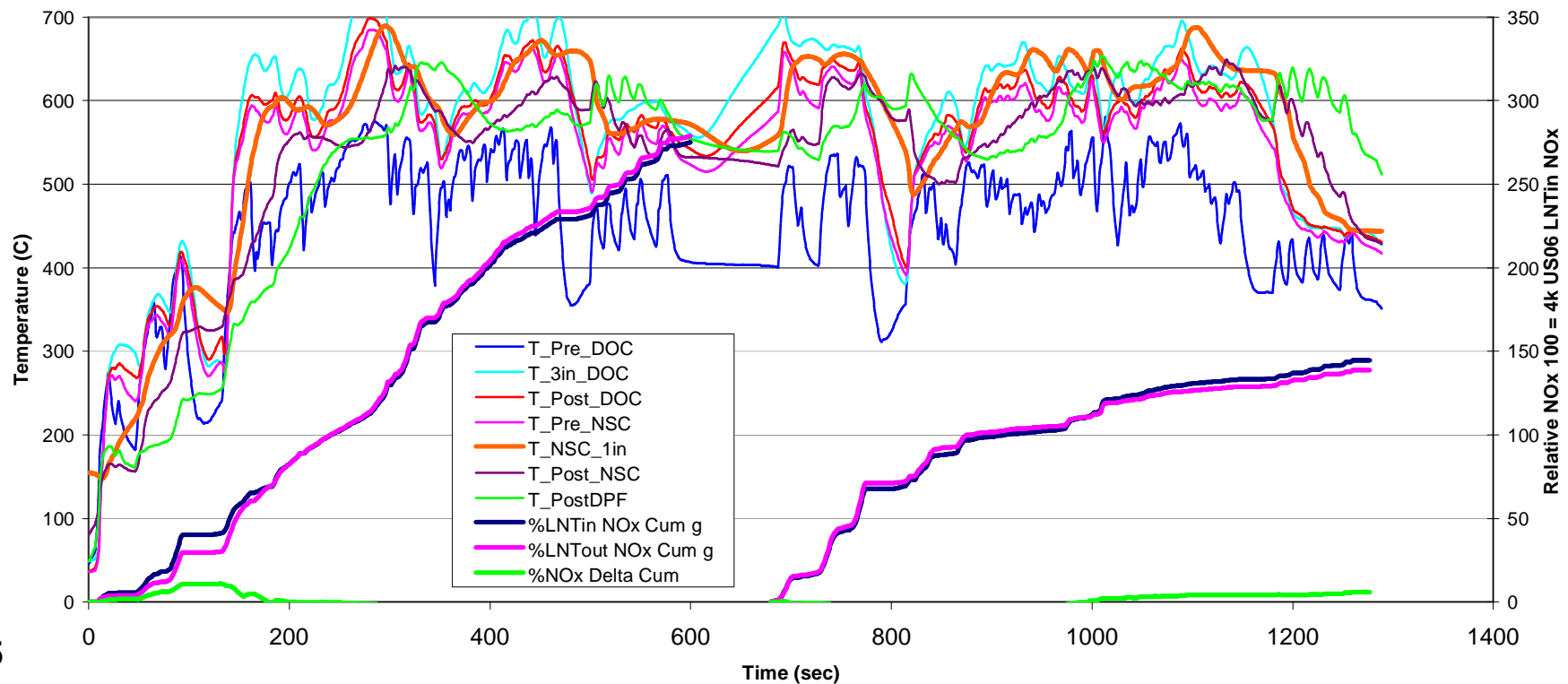
Bench locations across LNT only



US06 Cycles at 18k with DeSoot+DeSOx Bench locations across LNT only



18K US06x2 w/DeSoot & DeSOx



Conclusions from vehicle study

Chassis certification appropriate for this vehicle

- FTP75 covers lower exhaust temperature range of in-use vehicle operation
- US06 if applied would cover higher temperature range observed

LNT system regenerates under most operating conditions

- LNT system effective over FTP75 and US06
- LNT system not effective during high temperature system maintenance events

Fuel economy was 16mpg in “normal” driving, 13 mpg at higher loads

Filter regeneration observed ~13% of total time and desulfation ~2%

- Fuel economy penalties on FTP75 or US06 emissions cycle are 15-27%
- Overall resulting fuel economy penalty estimate < 4% (25% x 15%)

Note: Software updates and early maintenance of EGR system were made by dealer prior to 30,000 mile emissions testing

Acknowledgments

Data Analysis - Kettering Co-op students

Kayla Bachman

Mychelle Flachsmann

Max Botimer

Derek Bidleman - vehicle instrumentation

Vehicle Emissions Lab Staff